

حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (1)

اختبار شهر مارس



A

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1** The committee gave their approval for the new plan. The synonyms of the word “approval” are and
- a) consent b) rejection c) agreement
d) denial e) anger
- 2** The two brothers often argue about who plays the video game. The antonyms of the word “argue” are and
- a) behave b) concur c) quarrel
d) agree e) dispute

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Many students feel when their ideas are overlooked during class discussions.
a) valued b) invisible c) inclusive d) confident
- 2 Her for climate action inspired her to launch a school sustainability club.
a) obstacle b) passion c) gesture d) compassion
- 3 Successful group projects depend on mutual and clear communication among members.
a) cooperation b) diversity c) background d) tradition
- 4 After practicing his presentation, Amr felt speaking in front of the class.
a) invisible b) inclusive c) valued d) confident
- 5 Mastering a musical instrument requires consistent practice and unwavering
a) persistence b) misunderstanding
c) gathering d) initiative
- 6 The art club painted a vibrant on the cafeteria wall to celebrate cultural heritage.
a) skyline b) gesture c) mural d) obstacle
- 7 I would have helped you if I about your problem.
a) know b) knew c) had known d) have known

- 8 We wear a uniform at my old school, but at this school, we can wear whatever we want.
a) must b) have to c) had to d) might
- 9 The doctor the patient's arm to check for broken bones.
a) is feeling b) feels c) feel d) is feel
- 10 You won't pass the test you study regularly.
a) if b) unless c) provided d) but for
- 11 When choosing a problem to write about, it is best to choose one that is realistic and
a) focused b) impossible c) huge d) fake
- 12 The very first sentence of an opinion paragraph is known as the sentence.
a) concluding b) topic c) transitional d) supporting

B Reading

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

People find it challenging to solve problems quickly. They want to get fast results, or make money or make life easier. Often, they don't look into the future. They don't think about the long-term **consequences** of their actions. Much damage to the environment happens this way.

The story of DDT is a good example. It is a chemical which was developed to kill insects. It was invented in 1940, and very soon it was being used effectively by farmers all over the world.

The results, at first, were successful. The chemical killed the harmful insects which ate the food plants. More crops were produced, and both farmers and industry made a lot of money. However, the chemical had effects which scientists hadn't predicted. DDT not only killed the harmful insects, but it also killed useful insects. A few insects were strong. They survived and multiplied. In a few years, there were large numbers of these super insects which DDT could not kill. Clearly, DDT was making the problem worse. It was no longer worth using.

Another problem was that the chemical did not disappear. It stayed in the ground and found its way into rivers, lakes, and oceans. It was taken into the bodies of fish and animals. So, animals began to suffer from new different diseases. Humans also began to have problems, especially, in areas where DDT was widely used. Many governments stopped the use of DDT twenty years ago, but its effects are still with them.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Which of the following is probably true about DDT?
 - a) It kills only harmful insects.
 - b) It kills only useful insects.
 - c) It kills both harmful insects and super insects.
 - d) It kills both harmful insects and useful insects.
- 2 What does the word "consequences" refer to, according to the passage?
 - a) Exciting things that could happen.
 - b) Boring things that could happen.
 - c) Useful things that could happen.
 - d) Bad things that could happen.
- 3 Where does DDT end up eventually?
 - a) In the ground.
 - b) In humans and animals.
 - c) Into rivers, lakes, and oceans.
 - d) Into the crops that farmers grow.
- 4 Much damage to the environment happens as people
 - a) want to get fast reasons
 - b) don't think about the future
 - c) are unwilling to make life easier
 - d) oppose to make money
- 5 DDT was very at first and more crops were produced.
 - a) useful
 - b) harmful
 - c) hateful
 - d) poisonous
- 6 The insects that survived and multiplied were called
 - a) harmful insects
 - b) useful insects
 - c) renewable insects
 - d) super insects
- 7 When was DDT invented?
 - a) In the 18th century
 - b) In the 19th century
 - c) In the 20th century
 - d) In the 21st century

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

- Reading books helps improve knowledge and develop thinking skills. Many successful people spend time reading every day.

- (a) تساعد قراءة الكتب في تحسين المعرفة وتطوير مهارات التفكير. يقضى القليل من الأشخاص الناجحين وقتهم في القراءة يوميًا.
- (b) تساعد قراءة الكتب في تحسين المعرفة وتطوير مهارات التفكير. يقضى العديد من الأشخاص الناجحين وقتًا في القراءة يوميًا.
- (c) تساعد قراءة الكتب في تحسين المعرفة وتقليل مهارات التفكير. يقضى العديد من الأشخاص الناجحين وقتًا في مشاهدة التلفاز يوميًا.
- (d) تساعد قراءة الكتب في تحسين المهارات البدنية. يقضى العديد من الأشخاص الناجحين وقتهم في ممارسة الرياضة يوميًا.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

– يعد الحفاظ على البيئة مسؤولية مشتركة بين الأفراد والحكومات. من خلال تقليل التلوث وإعادة التدوير، يمكننا حماية كوكبنا للأجيال القادمة.

- a)** Protecting the environment is a shared responsibility between individuals and governments. By reducing pollution and recycling, we can protect our planet for future generations.
- b)** Protecting the environment is an individual responsibility. By increasing pollution and recycling, we can protect our planet for future generations.
- c)** Protecting the environment is a shared responsibility between individuals and governments. By reducing pollution and recycling, we can destroy our planet for future generations.
- d)** Protecting the environment is not a responsibility for individuals. By reducing pollution and recycling, we can protect our planet for future generations.



Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1** Why do you think Phileas Fogg insisted that Aouda remain with him?

.....

- 2** Why did Phileas Fogg reward John Bunsby generously?

.....



Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1** You can borrow my car, but you must return it before midnight. (provided that)

.....

- 2** It will be necessary for us to finish by Friday. (have to)

.....

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

“How Young People Can Help the Elderly”

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

A

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1** Bad weather might hinder our progress. The synonyms of the word “hinder” are and
- a) help b) block c) facilitate
d) obstruct e) assist
- 2** Unity makes our team strong. The antonyms of the word “unity” are and
- a) division b) separation c) union
d) solidarity e) harmony

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 When classmates disagreed on project direction, they invited a to facilitate discussion.
a) shopkeeper b) staff c) mediator d) janitor
- 2 From the observation deck, tourists admired the city's iconic at sunset.
a) skyline b) gathering c) initiative d) mural
- 3 The mentor's encouraging words helped in students facing academic challenges.
a) take on challenges b) light a spark of hope
c) argue over details d) give access to resources
- 4 My grandmother is a gifted who shares folktales from her childhood village.
a) mediator b) resident c) change-maker d) storyteller
- 5 My grandfather organized a community clean-up day as he is a long-time of the neighborhood.
a) mediator b) open-source c) dreamer d) resident
- 6 Companies encourage through collaborative projects and open communication channels.
a) teamwork b) opportunity c) hesitation d) funding
- 7 I the dentist tomorrow morning for a check-up.
a) see b) have seen c) saw d) am seeing
- 8 If you don't do your homework today, you do it tomorrow.
a) must b) have to c) will have to d) need to
- 9 more time to prepare, we would have delivered a more fascinating presentation.
a) Had we had b) If we had
c) Were we to have d) Should we have had

- 10 He very rude today. I wonder what is wrong with him.
 a) is being b) is c) was d) had been
- 11 Before selecting one main solution to write about, writers should many different ideas.
 a) ignore b) delete c) brainstorm d) hide
- 12 A good campaign poster must include practical details like the time, place, and information.
 a) historical b) fictional c) expensive d) contact

B Reading

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Always choose your neighbor. I have some ideal neighbors. One of my favorites is a man and his wife. The man is a retired army officer and his wife is still working for the nearby university. They are very hospitable. It is particularly enjoyable to wake up on a Friday morning to the sounds of their music playing which are really quite artistic. However, I also love to hear them laughing when they make a mistake in their music playing. Besides music, carpentry is still the man's main interest, and most days he is outside in his workspace in the garden, making an artistic piece of furniture. My neighbors are ideal to live next door, too, because they can be very helpful if I need them. I respect them as they never interfere in my private life and I behave with them in the same way. We have helped each other with numerous emergencies such as fires and car accidents. We also co-operate with each other in little ways such as bringing the mail, when one of us is away. We sometimes meet when they invite me over for coffee, with some of their friends who are usually very interesting people: poets, painters, professors and other lively persons whom I enjoy meeting. Sometimes we go to the fireworks display. Apart from this, we simply live next door to each other peacefully, side by side.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 The underlined word "them" refers to
 a) writers b) neighbors c) painters d) poets
- 2 At the neighbors' house, the writer meets
 a) poets and painters b) lively persons
 c) professors d) all of these
- 3 The army officer has some skills.
 a) manual b) digital c) oral d) lingual
- 4 The officer's wife is working for a/an
 a) school b) army
 c) professor d) university

- 5 The army officer's main hobby is
a) music b) carpentry c) fireworks d) poetry
- 6 Show that the writer and his neighbors sometimes help each other.
a) They never interfere in his private life.
b) They go to the fireworks display with each other.
c) They invite him over for coffee.
d) They bring the mail when one of them is away.
- 7 Inviting the writer over for coffee with some of their friends. This shows that their neighbors are
a) sociable b) anxious c) artistic d) interesting

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

- Exercise is essential for a healthy body and mind. Regular physical activity reduces stress and increases energy levels.

- (a) التمارين الرياضية ضرورية لصحة الجسم والعقل. النشاط البدني المنتظم يزيد التوتر ويقلل الطاقة.
(b) التمارين الرياضية ضرورية لصحة الجسم والعقل. النشاط البدني المنتظم يقلل التوتر ويزيد الطاقة.
(c) التمارين الرياضية ضرورية لصحة الجسم فقط. النشاط البدني المنتظم لا يؤثر على العقل.
(d) التمارين الرياضية ضرورية لصحة الجسم والعقل. النشاط البدني المنتظم يجعل الشخص متعباً طوال اليوم.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

- يلعب النوم الجيد دوراً مهماً في تحسين الصحة العامة. قلة النوم قد تؤدي إلى مشاكل صحية خطيرة، مثل: ارتفاع ضغط الدم وضعف جهاز المناعة.

- a) Good sleep plays an important role in improving overall health. Lack of sleep may lead to serious health problems such as high blood pressure and a weakened immune system.
b) Good sleep plays an important role in improving overall health. Getting more sleep may lead to serious health problems such as high blood pressure and a weakened immune system.
c) Good sleep plays an important rule in improving overall health. Lack of sleep may lead to minor issues, but does not affect blood pressure or the immune system.
d) Good sleep does not play a role in improving overall health. Lack of sleep may lead to serious health problems such as high blood pressure and a weakened immune system.

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

1 Explain why Detective Fix decided to aid Fogg in speeding up the journey across the Pacific.

2 Why do you think Passepartout joined the acrobats?

Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1 Sara was sure that her sister was telling the truth. (believed)

2 Menna is behaving rudely nowadays. (being)

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

An email to your friend Omar telling him about “How Art Brings People Together”. Your name is Maher. Your email address is maher2024@mail.com. Omar’s email address is omarashraf@mail.com.

A

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1** Curiosity makes us want to learn new things. The antonyms of the word "curiosity" are and
- a) incuriosity b) wonder c) interest
d) disinterest e) eagerness
- 2** They had a long argument about the rules. The synonyms of the word "argument" are and
- a) dispute b) agreement c) silence
d) debate e) harmony

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Leaders who act with create environments where people feel safe and respected.
a) decoration b) intonation c) diversity d) compassion
- 2 Learning a new skill requires practice, patience, and steady
a) enjoyment b) perseverance c) permission d) inversion
- 3 Through open dialogue, the team was able to their differences and move forward.
a) interact b) promote c) praise d) resolve
- 4 Technological has transformed how we learn, communicate, and solve problems.
a) funding b) will c) innovation d) vision
- 5 It's a family to prepare special dishes together during holiday celebrations.
a) initiative b) tradition c) obstacle d) gesture
- 6 Please wait your turn to speak; it's disrespectful to others during discussions.
a) admire b) interrupt c) invite d) notice
- 7 I really visit my grandmother this weekend; I miss her terribly.
a) may b) must c) have to d) had to

- 8** the team's exceptional performance, the project would have failed miserably.
- a) If not for b) On condition
c) Had it not been for d) In the event of
- 9** The flowers in the garden wonderful in the spring.
- a) smell b) are smelling c) smelled d) were smelling
- 10** You touch the exhibits in the museum. It is strictly forbidden.
- a) don't have to b) mustn't c) needn't d) shouldn't have
- 11** A strong concluding sentence should your main opinion in a new way.
- a) hide b) question c) change d) restate
- 12** To support your opinion effectively, you should provide at least two strong
- a) reasons b) questions c) greetings d) titles

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Why are very hot stars referred to as "ghosts"?
a) They are short-lived. b) They are mysterious.
c) They are frightening. d) They are nearly invisible.
- 2 According to the passage, as the sun grows, it is likely to become
a) red b) violet c) orange d) yellow
- 3 The daylight is clearly dependent on
a) sun color b) sun temperature
c) sun growth d) sun size
- 4 The underlined word "evolves" is a synonym of
a) develops b) absorbs c) rounds d) soaks
- 5 What is the main idea of the passage?
a) Faint dwarf stars.
b) The evolutionary cycle of the sun.
c) The sun's fuel problem.
d) The dangers of invisible radiation.
- 6 All of the things on the sun are
a) easily reachable b) hard to be reached
c) invisible d) visible
- 7 The sun is similar to the human because
a) it grows b) it changes
c) it gets red d) both a and b

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

- Summer camps are known for providing a safe environment where children gain self-confidence as they learn new skills. A camp is also a place where children develop social skills.

- (a) تشتهر المعسكرات الصيفية بتوفير بيئة سليمة؛ حيث يكتسب الأطفال الثقة بالنفس عندما يتعلمون مهارات جديدة. إنها أيضًا مكان يطور فيه الأطفال المهارات الجماعية.
- (b) تشتهر المعسكرات الصيفية بتوفير بيئة صحية؛ حيث يكتسب الأطفال الثقة بالنفس عندما يتعلمون مهارات جديدة. إنها أيضًا مكان يطور فيه الأطفال المهارات الاجتماعية.
- (c) تشتهر المعسكرات الصيفية بتوفير بيئة آمنة؛ حيث يكتسب الأطفال الثقة بالنفس عندما يتعلمون مهارات جيدة. إنها أيضًا مكان يطور فيه الأطفال المهارات الاجتماعية.
- (d) تشتهر المعسكرات الصيفية بتوفير بيئة سليمة؛ حيث يطور الأطفال الثقة بالنفس عندما يتعلمون مهارات جديدة. إنها أيضًا مكان يطور فيه الأطفال المهارات الجماعية.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

– يحتاج كبار السن الذين يعيشون بمفردهم إلى دعم مجتمعي منتظم من خلال برامج الزيارات الأسبوعية والأنشطة الاجتماعية المشتركة التي تخفف من شعورهم بالوحدة والعزلة.

- a) Elderly people living alone need regular community support through weekly visit programs and shared social activities that reduce their feelings of loneliness and isolation.
- b) Elderly people living alone need occasional community support with monthly visit programs and collective social activities that increase their feelings of loneliness and isolation.
- c) Young people leaving lonely need regular community support through weekly visit programs and shared social exercises that reduce their feelings of loneliness and insulation.
- d) Elderly people leaving lonely need regular community support with monthly visit programs and collective social exercises that reduce their feelings of loneliness and isolation.



Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 Why do you think Fogg showed integrity throughout the journey, especially toward Fix?
.....
- 2 How do you think Fix feels when Fogg pays bail?
.....



Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 He was forced to sell his car last month. (had to)
.....
- 2 You can join the club, but you must pay the fee first. (on condition that)
.....

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

“Small Actions, Big Environmental Change”

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

A

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1** Snow is common in Canada during the winter. The antonyms of the word "common" are and
- a) rare b) unique c) usual
d) separate e) shared
- 2** He spoke with great enthusiasm about his job. The synonyms of the word "enthusiasm" are and
- a) boredom b) eagerness c) disinterest
d) devotion e) lethargy

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Everyone deserves to feel they in school, regardless of background or identity.
a) handle b) belong c) match d) celebrate
- 2 Encouraging youth empowers young people to identify and solve local challenges.
a) initiatives b) obstacles c) opportunities d) traditions
- 3 Increasing of cultural differences helps build more inclusive school communities.
a) revolution b) temperature c) awareness d) conversation
- 4 The message of unity continued to long after our manager finished her address.
a) echo b) invade c) heal d) react
- 5 Every challenge is an opportunity to grow; think of each as a chance to develop flexibility.
a) comparison b) command c) confusion d) obstacle
- 6 team members share ideas openly and support each other's growth.
a) Shy b) Valued c) Particular d) Competitive
- 7 Were the investors to withdraw their support, the startup would face immediate bankruptcy.
a) decide b) decided c) to decide d) deciding
- 8 The doctor says my blood pressure is high, so I cut down on salt immediately.
a) have to b) had to c) may d) can
- 9 Please be quiet; I about a serious problem.
a) think b) am thinking c) thought d) have thought

- 10 the opportunity to verify the sources, I would have cited them in my bibliography.
a) If I had b) Had I had c) Were I to have d) Should I have
- 11 When giving evidence for your opinion, you can share a personal or a real event you have seen.
a) experience b) fiction c) dream d) guess
- 12 To make your poster visually attractive, you can use icons, short slogans, or points.
a) question b) comma c) full stop d) bullet

B Reading

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

The first English attempts to colonize North America were controlled by individuals rather than companies. Sir Humphrey Gilbert was the first Englishman to send colonists to the New World. His initial expedition, which sailed in 1578 with a patent granted by Queen Elizabeth was defeated by the Spanish.

A second attempt ended in disaster in 1583, when Gilbert and his ship were lost in a storm. In the following year, Gilbert's half-brother, Sir Walter Raleigh, having obtained a renewal of the patent, sponsored an expedition that explored the coast of the region that he named "Virginia." Under Raleigh's direction efforts were then made to establish a colony on Roanoke Island in 1585 and 1587.

The survivors of the first settlement on Roanoke returned to England in 1586, but the second group of colonists disappeared without leaving a trace. The failure of the Gilbert and Raleigh ventures made it clear that the tasks they had undertaken were too great for any one colonizer. Within a short time, the trading company had supplanted the individual promoter of colonization.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Which of the following would be the most appropriate title to the passage?
a) The Regulation of Trading Companies.
b) British-Spanish Rivalry in the New World.
c) Early Attempts at Colonizing North America.
d) Royal Patents Issued in the 16th Century.
- 2 The passage states that first English people involved in establishing colonies in North America were
a) requested to do so by Queen Elizabeth
b) members of large trading companies
c) immediately successful
d) acting on their own

- 3 According to the passage, which of the following is a fact about Sir Humphrey Gilbert?
- a) He never settled in North America.
 - b) His trading company was given a patent by the queen.
 - c) He fought the Spanish twice.
 - d) He died in 1587.
- 4 The underlined word “sponsored” means
- a) funded
 - b) found
 - c) lost
 - d) took care
- 5 At last, the second team of the colonists
- a) returned home
 - b) found in the sea
 - c) disappeared
 - d) built houses on the island
- 6 Because the trials of colonization failed, people
- a) used trade to get on the island
 - b) used weapons to get on the island
 - c) organised trips to this island
 - d) left the island without discovering
- 7 Why did Sir Water Raleigh try to invade the island?
- a) To build houses in it.
 - b) To create an English colony there.
 - c) To buy it to other country.
 - d) To store the weapons of army there.

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

- Volunteering in local charities not only provides essential support to vulnerable populations but also fosters a sense of belonging and strengthens the social fabric within diverse urban neighborhoods.

- (a) التطوع في الجمعيات الخيرية المحلية لا يقدم دعمًا أساسيًا للفئات الضعيفة فحسب، بل يعزز أيضًا الشعور بالانتماء ويقوى النسيج الاجتماعي داخل الأحياء الحضرية المتنوعة.
- (b) التطوع في الهيئات المحلية لا يوفر فقط مساندة ضرورية للسكان المتضررين، بل يشجع أيضًا على الاستثمار ويقوى الروابط المادية داخل الأحياء السكنية المختلفة.
- (c) العمل التطوعي في المؤسسات يساهم في توفير المساعدات للفقراء، ويؤدي إلى زيادة الوعي بالحقوق المدنية وتطوير النسيج العمراني في المدن المزدهرة.
- (d) القيام بالتبرع للجمعيات المحلية يدعم الفئات المهمشة بشكل أساسي، كما ينمي مهارات التواصل ويصلح الهياكل الاجتماعية في المناطق الريفية المتنوعة.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

- يعتبر الفن لغة عالمية تتجاوز الحدود الثقافية واللغوية، فهو يمتلك القدرة على توحيد الناس من خلفيات متنوعة من خلال التجارب الجمالية والعاطفية المشتركة.

- a) Art is a global language that crosses cultural and language borders, possessing the power to unite people from diverse backgrounds through shared aesthetic and emotional experiences.
- b) Art is a universal language that transcends cultural and linguistic boundaries; it has the power to unite people of various backgrounds through shared aesthetic and emotional experiences.
- c) Artistic speech is a common method that ignores cultural limits, having the ability to collect people from many places through beautiful and feelings-based works.
- d) Art is a general communication tool that goes beyond languages, and it can bring together different people by sharing their visual and mental ideas together.



Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 Why do you think the judge doesn't care about what happened in Pillaji?
.....
- 2 "Money talks!" In your opinion, how is this idiom related to the incidents of Calcutta?
.....



Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I regret not saving more money. (should have)
.....
- 2 She is thinking about the problem right now. (consider)
.....

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

"Should Art Teach or Just Entertain?"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

A

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1** She had a brilliant idea for the project. The synonyms of the word “brilliant” are and
- a) dull b) exceptional c) dark
d) unremarkable e) talented
- 2** The school aims to be inclusive of students with disabilities. The antonyms of the word “inclusive” are and
- a) limited b) wide c) exclusive
d) broad e) comprehensive

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 When conflicts arise, focusing on solutions rather than blame helps situations positively.
a) handle b) blame c) waste d) express
- 2 Social media campaigns can awareness about important social and environmental issues.
a) replace b) promote c) wave d) deserve
- 3 We must climate change through education, policy, and individual action.
a) address b) benefit c) praise d) strengthen
- 4 Sustainable in agriculture can help address food security and environmental challenges.
a) innovation b) misunderstanding
c) movement d) vision
- 5 In many cultures, specific convey respect, gratitude, or apology without words.
a) intonations b) attentions c) gestures d) legends
- 6 Her to improve her grades led her to seek extra help and study consistently.
a) determine b) determining c) determined d) determination
- 7 The grocer the apples on the scale right now.
a) weighs b) is weighing c) weigh d) weighed
- 8 I go on a diet. These jeans don't fit me anymore!
a) may b) can c) must d) might
- 9 I Omar as a close friend.
a) consider b) am considering
c) considers d) was considering

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 The writer wanted to
a) change his skills
c) sell his job
b) change his career
d) market for a new job
- 2 The writer believes that
a) his skills make him suitable for the job
b) he is able to learn new skills
c) the job doesn't require a lot of skills
d) none of the above
- 3 What does the underlined word "asset" mean?
a) Important.
c) Creative.
b) Supportive.
d) Playful.
- 4 The writer believes that his relationship with clients is
a) important to him
b) important for his current employer
c) important for his upcoming employer
d) all of the above
- 5 Receiving many awards reflects that Ayman was
a) lazy
b) hard
c) skillful
d) marketer
- 6 The writer believed that being a successful manager includes
a) the ability to achieve tasks
b) the availability most of time
c) the ability to motivate team members
d) the desire for managing a big number of employees
- 7 The main idea of this email is
a) offering a job
c) asking for a job opportunity
b) determining an interview
d) offering a service

 Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

- Technology has completely changed the world and our daily life. Things, which were not possible a few years ago, have become common now.

- (a) لقد غيرت التكنولوجيا العالم وحياتنا اليومية بشكل جزئي. الأشياء التي لم تكن ممكنة قبل بضعة سنوات أصبحت شائعة الآن.
- (b) لقد غيرت التكنولوجيا العالم وحياتنا اليومية تمامًا. الأشياء التي لم تكن ممكنة قبل بضعة سنوات أصبحت شائعة الآن.
- (c) لقد غيرت التكنولوجيا العالم وحياتنا اليومية تمامًا. الأشياء التي لم تكن ممكنة قبل بضعة سنوات أصبحت مستحيلة الآن.
- (d) لقد غيرت التكنولوجيا العالم وحياتنا اليومية تمامًا. الأشياء التي لم تكن موجودة قبل بضعة سنوات أصبحت شائعة الآن.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

- لتعزيز إنتاجية الموظفين لابد من خلق بيئة عمل توفر الاحترام والتقدير لهم. أشارت إحدى الدراسات إلى أن الشركة التي تشدد على بناء العلاقات تنجح في ذلك.

- a) To enhance employee production, it is necessary to create a work environment that provides respect and appreciation for employees. Recent studies have indicated that a company that emphasizes building relationships succeeds.
- b) To enhance employee productivity, it is necessary to create a work environment that provides respect and appreciation for employees. Recent studies have indicated that a company that emphasizes building relationships succeeds.
- c) To enhance employee productive, it is necessary to create a work environment that provides respect and appreciation for employees. Recent studies have indicated that a company that emphasizes building relationships succeeds.
- d) To enhance employee productivity, it is unnecessary to create a work environment that provides respect and appreciation for employees. Recent studies have indicated that a company that emphasizes building relationships succeeds.

D

Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 If you were Aouda, how would you feel about causing Fogg trouble?
.....
- 2 Is Captain Bunsby motivated by adventure or money? Support your answer.
.....

E

Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 It isn't necessary for her to work on Saturdays. (doesn't have to)
.....
- 2 I will help you with your homework only if you try first. (unless)
.....

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

"Working Together for a Cleaner Planet"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

A**Vocabulary and Structure**

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1 a) consent/ c) agreement
- 2 b) concur/ d) agree

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 b) invisible
- 2 b) passion
- 3 a) cooperation
- 4 d) confident
- 5 a) persistence
- 6 c) mural
- 7 c) had known
- 8 c) had to
- 9 a) is feeling
- 10 b) unless
- 11 a) focused
- 12 b) topic

B**Reading**

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 d) It kills both harmful insects and useful insects.
- 2 d) Bad things that could happen.
- 3 b) In humans and animals.
- 4 b) don't think about the future
- 5 a) useful
- 6 d) super insects
- 7 c) In the 20th century

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

(b) تساعد قراءة الكتب في تحسين المعرفة وتطوير مهارات التفكير. يقضى العديد من الأشخاص الناجحين وقتاً في القراءة يومياً.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

a) Protecting the environment is a shared responsibility between individuals and governments. By reducing pollution and recycling, we can protect our planet for future generations.

D Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 I think he felt responsible for her safety after rescuing her from danger.
- 2 Because he sailed quickly through a storm to help them catch their ship.

E Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 You can borrow my car provided that you return it before midnight.
- 2 We will have to finish by Friday.

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

Student's own answer.

A Vocabulary and Structure

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- ① **b)** block/ **d)** obstruct
- ② **a)** division/ **b)** separation

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- ① **c)** mediator
- ② **a)** skyline
- ③ **b)** light a spark of hope
- ④ **d)** storyteller
- ⑤ **d)** resident
- ⑥ **a)** teamwork
- ⑦ **d)** am seeing
- ⑧ **c)** will have to
- ⑨ **a)** Had we had
- ⑩ **a)** is being
- ⑪ **c)** brainstorm
- ⑫ **d)** contact

B Reading

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- ① **b)** neighbors
- ② **d)** all of these
- ③ **a)** manual
- ④ **d)** university
- ⑤ **b)** carpentry
- ⑥ **d)** They bring the mail when one of them is away.
- ⑦ **a)** sociable

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

(b) التمارين الرياضية ضرورية لصحة الجسم والعقل. النشاط البدني المنتظم يقلل التوتر ويزيد الطاقة.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

- a) Good sleep plays an important role in improving overall health. Lack of sleep may lead to serious health problems such as high blood pressure and a weakened immune system.

D Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 I think Fix needed Fogg in Britain to arrest him with a proper warrant.
- 2 I think he was lost, had no money, and hoped to find Fogg.

E Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 Sara believed that her sister was telling the truth.
- 2 Menna is being rudely nowadays.

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

Student's own answer.

A Vocabulary and Structure

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- ① a) incuriosity/ d) disinterest
- ② a) dispute/ d) debate

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- ① d) compassion
- ② b) perseverance
- ③ d) resolve
- ④ c) innovation
- ⑤ b) tradition
- ⑥ b) interrupt
- ⑦ b) must
- ⑧ c) Had it not been for
- ⑨ a) smell
- ⑩ b) mustn't
- ⑪ d) restate
- ⑫ a) reasons

B Reading

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- ① d) They are nearly invisible.
- ② a) red
- ③ b) sun temperature
- ④ a) develops
- ⑤ b) The evolutionary cycle of the sun.
- ⑥ b) hard to be reached
- ⑦ d) both a and b

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

(C) تشتهر المعسكرات الصيفية بتوفير بيئة آمنة؛ حيث يكتسب الأطفال الثقة بالنفس عندما يتعلمون مهارات جيدة. إنها أيضًا مكان يطور فيه الأطفال المهارات الاجتماعية.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

- a) Elderly people living alone need regular community support through weekly visit programs and shared social activities that reduce their feelings of loneliness and isolation.

D Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 I think Fogg was a gentleman who always did what was right, even to enemies.
- 2 Fix probably felt ashamed and surprised that Fogg helped him despite everything.

E Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 He had to sell his car last month.
- 2 You can join the club on condition that you pay the fee first.

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

Student's own answer.

A Vocabulary and Structure

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1 a) rare/ b) unique
- 2 b) eagerness/ d) devotion

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 b) belong
- 2 a) initiatives
- 3 c) awareness
- 4 a) echo
- 5 d) obstacle
- 6 b) Valued
- 7 c) to decide
- 8 a) have to
- 9 b) am thinking
- 10 b) Had I had
- 11 a) experience
- 12 d) bullet

B Reading

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 c) Early Attempts at Colonizing North America
- 2 d) acting on their own
- 3 a) He never settled in North America.
- 4 a) funded
- 5 c) disappeared
- 6 a) used trade to get on the island
- 7 b) To create an English colony there.

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

(a) التطوع في الجمعيات الخيرية المحلية لا يقدم دعمًا أساسيًا للفئات الضعيفة فحسب، بل يعزز أيضًا الشعور بالانتماء ويقوى النسيج الاجتماعي داخل الأحياء الحضرية المتنوعة.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

(b) Art is a universal language that transcends cultural and linguistic boundaries; it has the power to unite people of various backgrounds through shared aesthetic and emotional experiences.

D Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 I think the judge was biased and didn't value justice for people in colonial India.
- 2 Fogg used money to solve problems, like paying fines and buying passage in Calcutta.

E Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I should have saved more money.
- 2 She is considering about the problem right now.

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

Student's own answer.

A Vocabulary and Structure

1. Choose the TWO (2) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 1 **b)** exceptional/ **e)** talented
- 2 **a)** limited/ **c)** exclusive

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 **a)** handle
- 2 **b)** promote
- 3 **a)** address
- 4 **a)** innovation
- 5 **c)** gestures
- 6 **d)** determination
- 7 **b)** is weighing
- 8 **c)** must
- 9 **a)** consider
- 10 **d)** Both b and c
- 11 **c)** result
- 12 **a)** direct

B Reading

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 **d)** market for a new job
- 2 **a)** his skills make him suitable for the job
- 3 **a)** Important.
- 4 **d)** all of the above
- 5 **c)** skillful
- 6 **c)** the ability to motivate team members
- 7 **c)** asking for a job opportunity

C Translation

4. (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

(b) لقد غيرت التكنولوجيا العالم وحياتنا اليومية تمامًا. الأشياء التي لم تكن ممكنة قبل بضع سنوات أصبحت شائعة الآن.

(B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

(b) To enhance employee productivity, it is necessary to create a work environment that provides respect and appreciation for employees. Recent studies have indicated that a company that emphasizes building relationships succeeds.

D Novel

5. Answer the following questions: The Novel (Around the World in Eighty Days)

- 1 I would feel guilty and thankful because he saved my life.
- 2 Yes, he is motivated by money because Fogg paid him a large sum.

E Writing

6. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

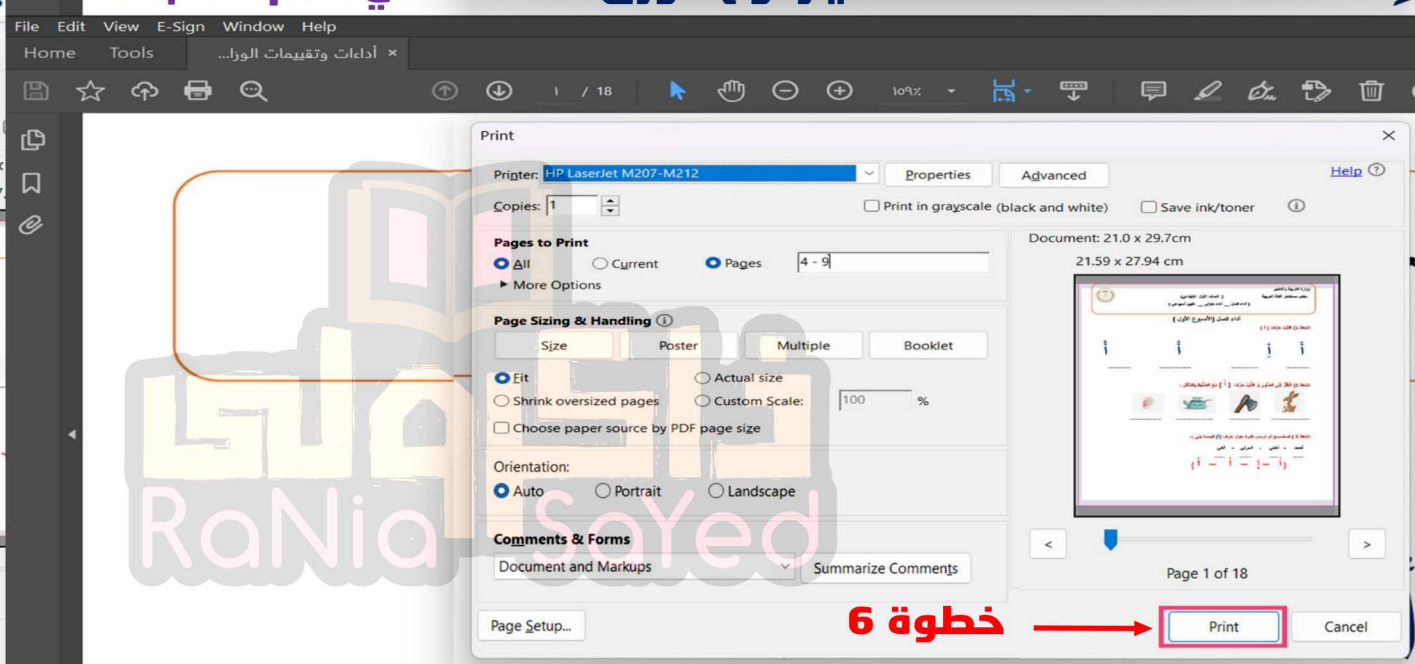
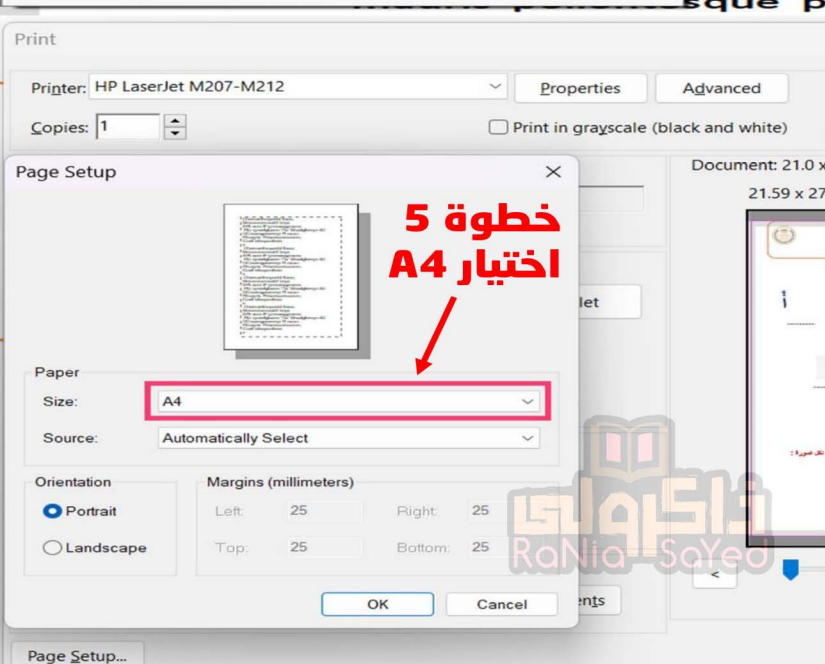
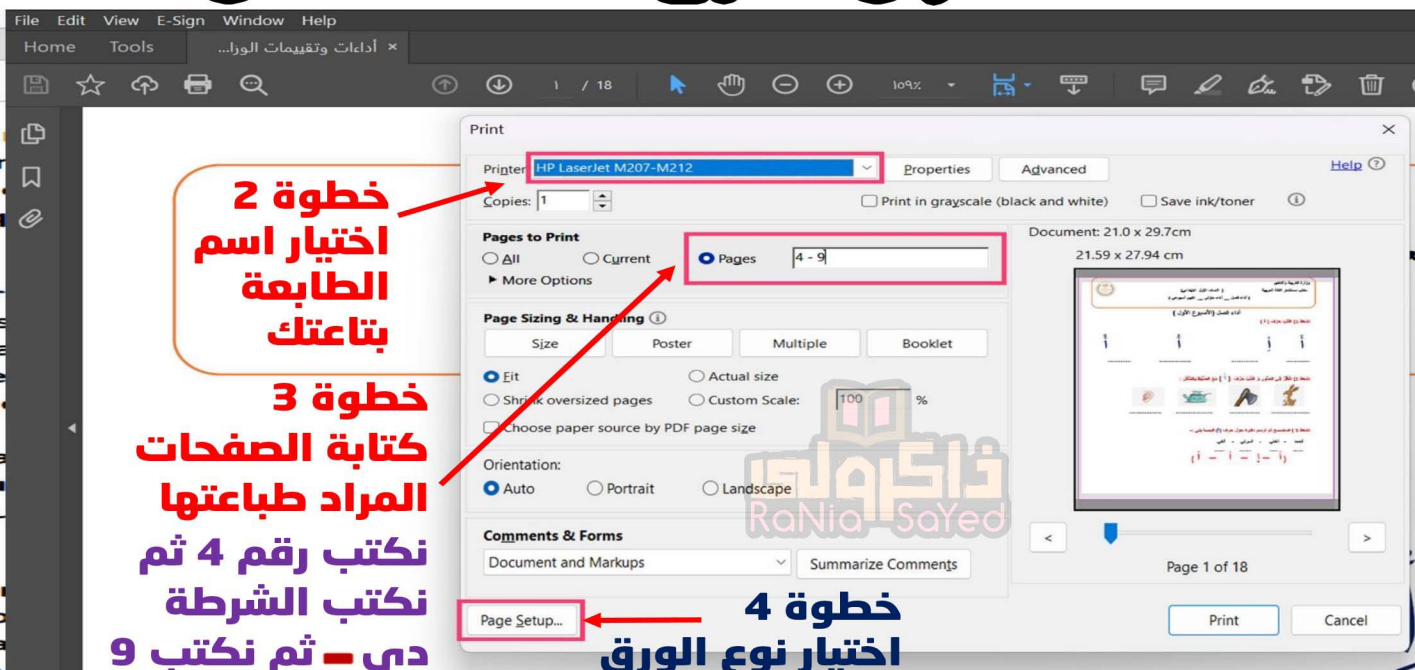
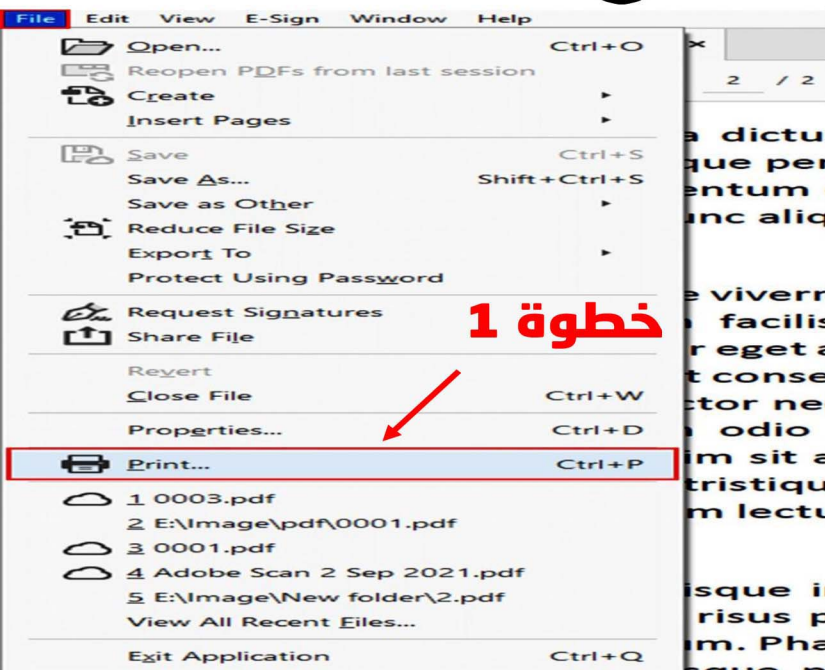
- 1 She doesn't have to work on Saturdays.
- 2 I won't help you with your homework unless you try first.

7. Write ONE HUNDRED and EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

Student's own answer.

كيفية طباعة صفحات معينة من ملف معين

مثلا ازاي نطبع الصفحات من صفحة 4 الى صفحة 9



حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (2)

اختبار شهر مارس



Unit 7

Key Vocabulary

المفردات الرئيسية

address(v) (ed)	يُوجه / يُخاطب / يُعالج	inclusive (adj)	شامل
argue over(v) (d)	يتجادل حول	interrupt(v) (ed)	يقاطع / يعترض
belong(v) (ed)	ينتمي	invite (v) (d)	يدعو
confident(adj)	واثق	mediator (n)	وسيط
cooperation(n)	تعاون	misunderstanding (n)	سوء فهم
diversity(n)	تنوع	notice (v) (d)	يلاحظ
encourage(v) (d)	يشجع	resident (n)	ساكن / مقيم
fairness (n)	عدل / إنصاف	resolve (v) (d)	يحل
gathering (n)	تجمع	take on (v)	يتولى مسئولية
handle(v) (d)	يتناول / يتعامل مع	valued (adj)	مقدر
include (v) (d)	يشمل		

Vocabulary on Reading & Listening

مفردات نصوص القراءة والاستماع

ability(n)	قدرة	leader (n)	إلقاء القمامة
adult(n) (adj)	بالغ	caring (adj)	مراع / مُهْتَم
appreciate(v) (d)	يقدر / يقيم	celebrate (v) (d)	يحتفل / يحتفى بـ
background(n)	خلفية	common (adj)	عام / مشترك
belonging(n)	انتماء	competitive (adj)	تنافسي
benefit(n) (v) (ed)	فائدة / يستفيد	confidence(n)	ثقة
event (n)	حدث	conflict(n)	صراع
experience (n)	خبرة / تجربة	mood (n)	مزاج / حالة نفسية
express (v) (ed)	يعبر عن	occur (v) (red)	يحدث
fairly (adv)	بعدل / بإنصاف	participate (v) (d)	يشارك
generation (n)	جيل	particular (adj)	معين / محدد
gratitude (n)	امتنان / شكر الجميل	personality (n)	شخصية
influence (n) (v) (d)	تأثير / يؤثر على	playground (n)	ملعب / فناء
instructions (n)	تعليمات	positive (adj)	إيجابي
interact (v) (ed)	يتفاعل	public (adj)	عام
involve (v) (d)	يتضمن / يتورط	realistic (adj)	واقعي

littering (n)	إلقاء القمامة	cooperative (adj)	تعاوني
responsibility (n)	مسئولية	council (n)	مجلس
rule (n)	قاعدة	effective (adj)	فعال / مؤثر
self-assured (adj)	واثق من نفسه	elderly (adj)	كبار السن
belonging(n)	انتماء	empathy(n)	تعاطف
senior (n)	كبير السن	equipment (n)	معدات
shopkeeper (n)	صاحب محل	solution (n)	حل
silence (n)	صمت	space (n)	مساحة
social (adj)	اجتماعي	sportsmanship (n)	روح رياضية
staff (n)	طاقم العمل	treat (v) (ed)	يعامل / يعالج
task (n)	مهمة	waste (n) (v)(d)	نفاية / يهدر / يبدد
wisdom (n)	حكمة		

Phrases, Expressions & idioms

التعبيرات والمصطلحات

achieve goals	يحقق أهداف
acts of kindness	أعمال اللطف
As a result	نتيجة لذلك
at a time	في كل مرة
at the corner	في الزاوية
build friendship	يبنى صداقة
feel left out	يشعر بالإقصاء
feel welcoming for	يشعر بالترحيب
find an answer to	يجد إجابة لـ
give... a chance	يعطى ... فرصة
give support	يقدم الدعم
in detail	بالتفصيل
make an effort	ي بذل جهدًا
make sure	يتأكد
over time	بمرور الوقت
play a role	يلعب دورا
sense of belonging	شعور بالانتماء
take turns	يتبادل الأدوار

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمات، المرادفات، والمتضادات

Word	Synonym	Antonym
caring o	مهتم	uncaring/cruel غير مبال / قاس
confident	واثق	hesitant/timid متردد / خجول
conflict	نزاع	agreement/harmony اتفاق / انسجام
effective	فعال	ineffective/inefficient غير فعال / غير كفء
fairness	إنصاف	injustice/bias ظلم / تحيز
gathering	تجمع	dispersal/separation تشتيت / فصل
inclusive	شامل	exclusive/limited حصري / محدود
interrupt	يقاطع	continue/allow/permit يواصل / يسمح / يأذن
involve	يتضمن / يتورط	exclude/separate يستبعد / يفصل
participate	يشترك	withdraw/avoid ينسحب / يتجنب
particular	معين / محدد	general/common عام / شائع
realistic	واقعي	idealistic/unrealistic مثالي / غير واقعي
treat	يعامل	neglect/mistreat يهمل / يسيء معاملة
wisdom	حكمة	folly/foolishness حماقة / غباء

Prepositions

حروف الجر

act as	يتصرف / يعمل كـ	interact with	يتفاعل مع
agrees on/about	يتفق على / بشأن	lead to	يؤدي إلى
belong to	ينتمي إلى	treat... with	يعامل ... بـ
bring... together	يجمع ... ما	value of	قيمة لـ
care for	يهتم بـ		

Notes on Vocabulary

ملاحظات

notice	يلحظ / يلاحظ
detect	يكشف / يرصد
observe	يراقب / يلاحظ (بدقة)

hole	حفرة / ثقب
space	مساحة / فراغ
gap	فجوة / فراغ بين شيئين منفصلين
member	عضو بمعنى فرد في مجموعة
organ	عضو في جسم الكائن الحي
staff	طاقم العمل العاملون في مؤسسة أو شركة أو مدرسة
crew	طاقم العمل في سفينة أو طائرة أو فريق لتشغيل الآلات مثلا
cast	طاقم الممثلين لفيلم أو مسرحية
public	عام (مملوك أو يصلح لاستخدام الجمهور)
general	عام (شائع أو غير محدد)



? Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1 After practicing his speech for a week, he felt confident on stage. The antonyms of "confident" are and

- (a) hesitant (b) timid
(c) self-assured (d) certain
(e) meaningless

2 The club has an inclusive policy, so everyone is welcome to join. The word "inclusive" is similar in meaning to and

- (a) exclusive (b) limited
(c) comprehensive (d) secure
(e) broad

3 The old man was famous for his wisdom and gave great advice. The synonyms of "wisdom" are and

- (a) weakness (b) disinterest
(c) insight (d) judgment
(e) wealth

4 The teacher showed fairness by giving every student the same amount of time. The synonyms of "fairness" are and

- (a) justice (b) cowardice
(c) equality (d) bias
(e) greed

5 My aunt is very particular about her food and only eats organic vegetables. The word "particular" can be replaced by and

- (a) fussy (b) careless
(c) specific (d) certain
(e) significant

Choose

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d:

- 1 During the conference, the young researchers will several important environmental issues.
 (a) progress (b) address (c) delay (d) postpone
- 2 Cities with high , such as Cairo, often have a rich variety of foods, music, and festivals.
 (a) diversity (b) traffic (c) intensity (d) infection
- 3 A good call-center clerk can difficult customers very calmly and professionally.
 (a) shake hand (b) avoid (c) endanger (d) handle
- 4 The teacher asked students not toeach other during discussions.
 (a) respect (b) watch (c) interrupt (d) think
- 5 When two friends are arguing, they might need a/an to help them reach an agreement.
 (a) competitor (b) opponent (c) stranger (d) mediator
- 6 The team brainstormed for hours before finding a/an to the technical issue.
 (a) complication (b) crisis (c) solution (d) emergency
- 7 As a of Giza, Ahmed knows all the best places to eat or enjoy your time.
 (a) resident (b) visitor (c) researcher (d) representative
- 8 I don't think I can any more tasks right now—my schedule is full.
 (a) care for (b) take on (c) lead to (d) put down

9 The volunteers were deeply for the long hours they spent helping after the flood.

- (a) blamed (b) paid (c) valued (d) replaced

10 The siblings over the video game; each one wanted to play first.

- (a) depended (b) argued (c) reflected (d) raced

11 The volunteers expressed great for the families affected by the natural disaster.

- (a) mockery (b) health (c) contempt (d) empathy

12 People special events like weddings and graduations with parties.

- (a) celebrate (b) adapt (c) argue (d) adopt

13 Karma has a very friendly and outgoing that she makes new friends so easily.

- (a) appearance (b) personality (c) necessity (d) regulation

14 My grandparents belong to a different and have different opinions on social media.

- (a) profession (b) position (c) generation (d) location

15 Azza's multicultural helps her communicate well with people from different countries.

- (a) vacation (b) invention (c) talent (d) background

16 Good teachers know how to effectively with students of all learning styles.

- (a) dismiss (b) disregard (c) interact (d) overlook

17 Earthquakes can without any warning, so people must always be prepared.

- (a) occur (b) ignore (c) prevent (d) replay

18 During the group discussion, the most students shared notes and helped weaker ones.

- (a) aggressive (b) wealthy (c) confused (d) cooperative

19 When your friend feels sad, it is important to support and listen to them.

- (a) complain (b) try (c) give (d) take

20 The children agreed to using the swings and slides in the playground.

- (a) take turns (b) take notes (c) take breaks (d) take place

21 I am proud to belong my school because it teaches good values.

- (a) at (b) to (c) for (d) of

22 There are alarms in all hotel rooms that can smoke easily.

- (a) notice (b) select (c) detect (d) decorate

23 The of the ship followed the captain's orders in the storm.

- (a) staff (b) cast (c) jury (d) crew

24 Each in our body has a special function to keep us healthy.

- (a) member (b) organ (c) device (d) tool

ورثته
وسعت
كله نسي

Zero conditional

الحالة الصفريّة

Statement

الجملة الخبريّة

مضارع بسيط , مضارع بسيط + عندما / إذا IF

1 التعبير عن العادات الثابتة أو المواقف التي لها نتيجة منطقية :

If / When I don't get enough sleep, I feel tired the next day.

2 التعبير عن الحقائق العامة :

If / When we boil water, it turns into steam.

= If/When water is boiled, it turns into steam.

= If boiled, water turns into steam.

2 إذا كانت الحقيقة تخص موقف معين أو محددة بوقت معين نستخدم الحالة الأولى وليس الحالة الصفريّة:

If it rains heavily, streets become wet. (حقيقة عامة حالة صفريّة)

If it rains heavily tonight, streets will become wet. (موقف محدد حالة أولى)

First conditional

الحالة الأولى

Statement

الجملة الخبريّة

If / Unless + مضارع بسيط , wil / can / may + inf

1 تعبر الحالة الشرطية الأولى عن مواقف قابلة للحدوث في المستقبل:

If I have enough money, I will buy a car.

2 يمكن أن تحل (can may might must should) محل (will) في جملة جواب الشرط في الحالة الشرطية الأولى .

ملاحظات تساعدك على حل سؤال الاختيار من متعدد

1 استخدم المضارع البسيط بعد (if) إذا كانت جملة جواب الشرط تتكون من أحدي الصيغ التالية :

1) Inf. / Don't + inf. / Never + inf. (جملة أمر أو نهى)

Ex

He has just left the office.

If one of your friends (has had had had) a problem, help him/her.

2) Let's + inf.

Ex

Let's take a rest and have a drink if you (are were had been) tired.

3)had better ('d better) + inf.

Ex

You'd better work hard if you (hope hoped had hoped) to succeed.

4)would rather ('d rather) + inf.

Ex

I'd rather stay at home if the weather (is was had been) windy.

2 استخدم (.will + inf) في جملة جواب الشرط إذا كان فعل الشرط أحد الصيغ التالية :

1) If + subj. (would like / would love /would prefer)

Ex

If you would like to attend the party, I (will go would go would have gone) with you.

2) If + subj. + am / is / are + inf. + ing.....(مضارع مستمر)

Ex

She (won't go wouldn't go wouldn't have gone) out if she is revising for her exams.

3) If + subj. + have / has + p.p. (مضارع تام)

Ex

If he has left home, you (won't be wouldn't be wouldn't have been) able to meet him.

3 لاحظ الفرق بين (if / in case) :

تعني (if) أن الحدث سيقع إذا توفر شرط معين، فإذا لم يتوفر الشرط لن يحدث شيئاً:

Ex

I'll stay at home if it rains. (But I won't stay at home if it doesn't rain)

تستخدم (in case) بمعنى (في حالة) لتدل على أننا سنقوم بشيء ما تحسباً لحدث شيء معين:

Ex

I'll stay at home in case it rains. (I'll stay at home because it may rain)

Second conditional

الحالة الثانية

Statement

الجملة الخبرية

If/Unless + (تصريف ثان), would/could/might + inf.

ملاحظات هامة Important Notes

1 تعبر الحالة الثانية عن مواقف تخيلية أو غير محتملة الحدوث في الوقت الحاضر والمستقبل:

Ex If he were taller, he'd be good at basketball.

2 إعطاء النصيحة بالصيغة (...If I were)

Ex If I were you, I would see a doctor. You look very ill.

3 لاحظ إمكانية استخدام (were) مع المفرد في حالة التخيّل والنصيحة في الحالة الثانية:

Ex Nada is ill today. If she were / was healthy, she would help you.

Third conditional

الحالة الثالثة

Statement

الجملة الخبرية

If + had + p.p. ..., would/could/might + have + p.p.

1 تستخدم الحالة الثالثة في حالة الندم أو تخيل عكس ما حدث في الماضي :

Ex I didn't feel ill yesterday. If I had felt ill, I would have stayed at home.

بدائل وحالات حذف

1 جملة + بشرط أن = provided (that) بشرط أن = providing (that) طالما = as long as If =

Ex As long as Malak does exercise regularly, she will keep fit.

2 If + جملة = with/by/in case of + noun / (inf. + ing)

Ex If he works hard, he will achieve his goals in life.

= In case of working hard, he will achieve his goals in life.

3 Unless + جملة = Without / But for بدون / لولا + (inf. + ing) / noun

Ex Unless he earns enough money, he will have to sell his car.

= Without earning enough money, he will have to sell his car.

4 Unless + جملة ماضي بسيط = If it weren't for + (inf. + ing) / noun

Ex Unless he had enough time, he wouldn't help me.

= If it weren't for having enough time, he wouldn't help me.

5 Unless + جملة ماضي تام = If it hadn't been for + (inf. + ing) / noun

Ex Unless he had arrived early at the station, he would have missed the train.

= If it hadn't been for arriving early at the station, he would have missed the train.

6 If + جملة ماضي بسيط / مضارع = Should + subj. + inf.

Ex If he has a lot of money, he will help poor children.

= Should he have a lot of money, he will help poor children.

7 If + جملة ماضي بسيط = Were + subj + (to+inf.) .../ Were + subj. +

Ex If you phoned me, I would come. = Were you to phone me, I would come.

Ex If I were taller, I would join a basketball team.

= Were I taller, I would join a basketball team.

8

If + subj. + had + اسم = Had + subj + اسم

Ex If I had a car, I would drive you home.

= Had I a car, I would drive you home.

9

If + subj. + had + p.p. = Had + subj. + p.p.

Ex If he had finished the report, he would have left the office.

= Had he finished the report, he would have left the office.

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d:

1 If people too much fast food, they gain weight.

- (a) ate (b) will eat (c) eat (d) had eaten

2 If I feel tired, I usually a short rest.

- (a) will take (b) take (c) took (d) would take

3 If the weather improves tomorrow, we on a trip.

- (a) go (b) went (c) would go (d) will go

4 If I rich, I would help the poor.

- (a) were (b) am (c) will be (d) have been

5 She TV if she finishes her homework early.

- (a) watches (b) will watch (c) would watch (d) watched

6 If you the food outside last night, it would have spoiled.

- (a) leave (b) would leave (c) had left (d) left

7 You the bus unless you hurry.

- (a) catch (b) didn't catch (c) wouldn't catch (d) won't catch

8 If the alarm rings, everyone leave the building.

- (a) have to (b) may (c) would (d) should

9 If I you, I wouldn't accept this offer.

- (a) had been (b) am (c) were (d) will be

10 Had he listened to my advice, he in trouble.

- (a) wouldn't have been (b) shouldn't be (c) isn't (d) wouldn't be

11 If the phone rings, it immediately.

- (a) you will answer (b) answered (c) answer (d) would answer

12 If iron is exposed to air and water, it..... .

- (a) rust (b) will rust (c) would rust (d) rusts

13 Take some money you need it later.

- (a) unless (b) in case (c) without (d) were

14 But for, we wouldn't have solved the problem.

- (a) his help (b) had helped (c) he helped (d) helping

15 If it for electricity, life would be difficult.

- (a) isn't (b) had been (c) wouldn't be (d) weren't

16 fire, break the glass.

- (a) In case of (b) Without (c) Were it (d) In case

17 swimming is useful, I will join a sports club.

- (a) Without (b) But for (c) In case of (d) If

18 If the trip to Egypt longer, I would have visited my friends in Asyut.

- (a) is (b) had been (c) were (d) was

19 The star difficult to see unless the sky is very clear.

- (a) is (b) would be (c) was (d) would have been

20 I will become very fat if I

- (a) wouldn't exercise (b) won't exercise (c) don't exercise (d) hadn't exercised

21 Anyone can join the course, there is space available.

- (a) in case of (b) provides (c) unless (d) provided that

22 If I drink too much coffee, I always awake all night long.

- (a) would stay (b) will stay (c) stay (d) may stay

23 What to your family if you were to immigrate?

- (a) would happen (b) is happening (c) will happen (d) would have happened

24 He wouldn't have visited me unless I him.

- (a) hadn't phoned (b) had phoned (c) was phoned (d) would phone

25 It is best to keep a medical kit ready emergency.

- (a) unless (b) without (c) if (d) in case of

26 If I had known that you were joining the discussion group, I too. I love birds!

- (a) will join (b) should have joined (c) would have joined (d) joined

27 If I a gun in the street, I would take it to the police.

- (a) found (b) find (c) had been found (d) will find

28 I drowsy نعسان in the morning if I go to bed late.

- (a) felt (b) won't feel (c) might feel (d) feel

29 He was offered the job he went on a month-long training course.

- (a) unless (b) on condition that (c) in case of (d) without

30 We leave on Monday if it snows heavily.

- (a) will have to (b) would (c) would have to (d) have to

? 2) Rewrite the sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1 I'm not free, so I can't meet you tonight.

(If)

.....
.....

2 She doesn't have enough money, so she can't buy a new phone.

(If)

.....
.....

3 We don't understand the lesson, so we don't answer the questions.

(If)

.....
.....

4 He forgot to set the alarm, so he arrived late at work.

(If)

.....
.....

5 They didn't book the tickets early, so they missed the concert.

(If)

.....
.....

6 I'll help you only if you tell me the truth.

(Provided that)

7 If he doesn't study hard, he will fail the exam.

(Without)

8 If the teacher explains the lesson again, the students will understand it. (Should)

لو عندك ملحوظة اتبها هنا

Unit 8

Key Vocabulary

المفردات الرئيسية

change-maker(n)	صانع تغيير	innovation (n)	ابتكار
determination(n)	إصرار / عزيمة	mentorship (n)	توجيه / إرشاد
empathy(n)	تعاطف	obstacle (n)	عقبة / عائق
enthusiasm (n)	حماس	passion (n)	شغف
initiative(n)	مبادرة	perseverance (n)	مثابرة
persistence (n)	مثابرة	recognition (n)	اعتراف / تقدير
separate (adj) (v) (d)	منفصل / يفصل	teamwork(n)	عمل جماعي

Vocabulary on Reading & Listening

مفردات نصوص القراءة والاستماع

access (n) (v) (ed)	وصول / يصل إلى	failure (n)	فشل
brilliant (adj)	بارع / متألق	filter (n) (v) (ed)	مرشح / يرشح / ينقى
campaign (n)	حملة	funding (n)	تمويل
clean-up (n)	تنظيف	hatred (n)	كراهية
coding (n)	ترميز / برمجة	healthcare (n)	رعاية صحية
combine (n) (v) (d)	يجمع / يدمج	hesitation (n)	تردد
comparison (n)	مقارنة	hinder (v) (ed)	يعيق / يعوق
courage (n)	شجاعة	household (n) (adj)	أسرة / أسري
curiosity (n)	فضول / حب استطلاع	impact (n)	تأثير
data (n)	بيانات	import (n) (v) (ed)	استيراد / يستورد
digital skill (n)	مهارة رقمية	individual (n) (adj)	فرد
distinguish (v) (ed)	يميز	inspiring (adj)	مُلهم
eagerness (n)	حماس / شغف	land (n) (v) (ed)	أرض / يهبط
electronic (adj)	إلكتروني	launch (n) (v) (ed)	إطلاق / يطلق
endangered (adj)	معرضة للخطر	logo (n)	شعار
entertainment (n)	ترفيه / تسلية	low-cost (adj)	منخفض التكلفة
error (n)	خطأ	major (adj)	رئيسي
essential (adj)	أساسي / ضروري	mentor (n) v) (ed)	مرشد / پرشد
opportunity (n)	فرصة	overcome (v)	يتغلب على

passionate (adj)	شغوف	permission (n)	إذن / تصريح
praise (n) (v) (d)	مدح / يمدح	progress (n)	تقدم
prove (v) (d)	يثبت	purpose (n)	هدف / غاية
recycle (v) (d)	يعيد تدوير	remind (v) (ed)	يذكر
starting point (n)	نقطة انطلاق	step (n)	خطوة
tool (n)	أداة	training (n)	تدريب
trust (n) (v) (ed)	ثقة / يثق في	vision (n)	رؤية
wildlife (n)	حياة برية	will (n)	إرادة

Phrases, Expressions & Idioms

التعبيرات والمصطلحات

by chance	بالصدفة
face difficulties	يواجه الصعوبات
find new solutions	يبحث عن حلول جديدة
give access to	يتيح الفرصة لـ
have in common	يشارك في شيء ما
keep moving forward	يستمر في التقدم
light a spark of hope	يشعل شراره أمل
make a difference	يحدث فرقا
make change	يحدث تغييرا
no mountain is too high	لا يوجد جبل شاق
stay strong	يظل قويا
take positive action	يتخذ إجراء إيجابيا
turn vision into action	يحول الرؤية إلى عمل
walk side by side	يمشي / يعمل جنبا إلى جنب

Words, Synonyms & Antonyms

الكلمات، المرادفات، والمتضادات

Word	Synonym	Antonym
brilliant	رائع / متألق	dull/unremarkable ممل / عادي
courage	الشجاعة	cowardice/fear جبن / خوف
curiosity	فضول	disinterest/indifference لامبالاة / عدم اكتراث
determination	العزيمة	hesitation/weakness تردد / ضعف

Mr. Amr Ragab

Word	Synonym	Antonym
empathy	تعاطف	compassion/sympathy. / لامبالاة / قسوة
endangered	معرض للخطر	safe/protected/secure / آمن / محمي / مطمئن
enthusiasm	حماس	excitement/eagerness / فتور / خمول
filter	يرشح	purify/refine / يلوث
hesitation	تردد	confidence/certainty / ثقة / يقين
hinder	يعيق / يعوق	assist/facilitate / يُساعد / يُيسر
innovation	ابتكار	tradition/imitation / تقليد
inspiring	ملهم	discouraging/depressing / محبط / مكتئب
meaningful	ذو مغزى	meaningless/worthless / لا معنى / لا قيمة له
overcome	يتغلب على	surrender/yield/give in / يستسلم / يخضع
passion	شغف	indifference/disinterest / لامبالاة / عدم اهتمام
passionate	شغوف / متحمس	apathetic/indifferent / فاتر الهمّة / لا مبال
perseverance	مثابرة / إصرار	surrender/laziness / استسلام / كسل
praise	يمدح	criticize/condemn / ينتقد / يدين / يشجب
recognition	اعتراف / تقدير	disregard/ignorance / تجاهل / جهل

Prepositions

حروف الجر

by chance	بالصدفة	keep moving forward	يستمر في التقدم
face difficulties	يواجه الصعوبات	light a spark of hope	يشعل شراره أمل
find new solutions	يبحث عن حلول جديدة	make a difference	يحدث فرقا
give access to	يتيح الفرصة لـ	make change	يحدث تغييرا
have in common	يشارك في شيء ما	no mountain is too high	لا يوجد جبل شاهق
stay strong	يظل قويا	turn vision into action	يحول الرؤية إلى عمل
take positive action	يتخذ إجراء إيجابيا	walk side by side	يمشي / يعمل جنبا إلى جنب

Notes on Vocabulary

ملاحظات

occur	يحدث / يطرأ (يستخدم للأحداث غير المتوقعة أو المخططة)
take place	يحدث / يقام (يستخدم في الغالب للأحداث المخطط لها والمنظمة)



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01112883153
English is a language built on journeys and meanings. Every word hides a story of how it found its voice in time.

معسكر فيديا

20
26

م عمرو
رجسب



21

شعار (رمز أو رسمة أو تصميم يمثل شركة أو منظمة ويجعلنا نعرفها بمجرد النظر إليها)

شعار (جملة قصيرة وجذابة تهدف إلى ترسيخ فكرة شركة أو منظمة في ذهن الناس)

إذن لموافقة على فعل شيء ما. غالبا ما تكون شفوية أو ضمنية

تصريح (وثيقة رسمية تمنح الإذن

رخصة / ترخيص (وثيقة دائمة تثبت المؤهل لفعل أو وظيفة)

خطأ فني، منهجي، في النظام / الحساب

خطأ (الفعل أو الرأي)

خطأ مطبعي في المواد المطبوعة

مرشد / موجه للنمو الشخصي أو المهني طويل الأمد

وصى / حارس للرعاية والحماية القانونية

لو عندك ملحوظه اتبها هنا

? Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1 His determination to finish the race helped him keep running even when he was tired. The synonyms of "determination" are..... and

- (a) perseverance (b) hesitation
(c) weakness (d) imitation
(e) willpower

2 The students showed great enthusiasm during the science experiment. The word "enthusiasm" is opposite in meaning to and

- (a) excitement (b) disinterest
(c) interest (d) lethargy
(e) cowardice

3 The company is famous for its innovation in mobile technology. The word "innovation" can be replaced by..... and

- (a) tradition (b) fear
(c) invention (d) creativity
(e) habit

4 Kenzy is very passionate about painting and spends every weekend in her studio. The synonyms of "passionate" are..... and

- (a) bored (b) apathetic
(c) enthusiastic (d) indifferent
(e) ardent

5 The scientist received recognition for her hard work when she won the prize. The antonyms of "recognition" are and

- (a) appreciation (b) ignorance
(c) disregard (d) credit
(e) bravery

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 The kitchen was messy, so Mona showed and washed the dishes before her parents got home.
 (a) repetition (b) innovation (c) negligence (d) initiative
- 2 Through the school's program, older students help younger students feel comfortable in their new classes.
 (a) internship (b) championship (c) mentorship (d) hardship
- 3 Despite facing many in his career, Zain never gave up on his goals.
 (a) repetitions (b) obstacles (c) innovations (d) rewards
- 4 The new student's in studying difficult subjects impressed all of her teachers.
 (a) persistence (b) avoidance (c) resistance (d) importance
- 5 The twins were placed in classrooms to help them develop independence.
 (a) divided (b) separate (c) joint (d) shared
- 6 Coaches always teach players that is more important than individual effort.
 (a) talent (b) initiative (c) teamwork (d) dispute
- 7 Hackers tried to gain unauthorizedto the company's database, but they failed.
 (a) failure (b) exit (c) escape (d) access
- 8 This machine serves a dual: it can wash your clothes and dry them at the same time.
 (a) success (b) work (c) purpose (d) shadow

9 All factories have to use machines to dirty water before it goes into rivers.

- (a) mix (b) filter (c) make (d) waste

10 Egypt Air airline will direct flights to three new international destinations.

- (a) launch (b) review (c) print (d) suspend

11 Pilots must complete along flight before flying a plane alone.

- (a) depiction (b) rehearsal (c) training (d) survey

12 Every member of the should have specific responsibilities to maintain the home.

- (a) embassy (b) organization (c) army (d) household

13 Teachers like students who show because it helps them learn faster.

- (a) reality (b) curiosity (c) danger (d) anger

14 The actor's brilliant performance in the last movie earned from critics around the world.

- (a) disapproval (b) permission (c) reflection (d) praise

15 The local charity is starting a to collect warm clothes for people in need this winter.

- (a) research (b) campaign (c) questionnaire (d) duration

16 The detective tried to between the genuine clues and the fake ones.

- (a) mix (b) divide (c) distinguish (d) confuse

17 Traveling to a new country gives you a/an to learn about different cultures.

- (a) opportunity (b) difficulty (c) danger (d) intention

18 Sometimes an athlete's teaches them how to train harder and improve.

- (a) talent (b) victory (c) failure (d) poverty

19 Online.....courses have made it easier for people to learn programming from home.

- (a) writing (b) media (c) sailing (d) coding

20 The teacher's encouraging words managed toa spark of hope in the failing student's heart.

- (a) light (b) excuse (c) damage (d) repeat

21 Education has the power to transform the lives of peoplesuccess stories.

- (a) from (b) at (c) into (d) without

22 Simple lifestyle changes, like walking instead of driving, cana difference for the environment.

- (a) imply (b) make (c) do (d) invent

23 The police officer asked to see the driver'sand vehicle registration.

- (a) licence (b) permission (c) permit (d) degree

24 There was a/anin the newspaper that changed the price from \$10 to \$100.

- (a) error (b) mistake (c) innovation (d) misprint

25 The new schoolwas designed by the art club students.

- (a) slogan (b) logo (c) lesson (d) letter

Modals of obligation and necessity

must

يجب أن / من الضروري أن / من اللازم أن

Active Statement

الجملة الخبرية المبنية للمعلوم

.... المصدر Subj. المصدر + must / mustn't + inf.

Ex

I must follow the school rules.

You mustn't drive a car without a licence.

Passive Statement

الجملة الخبرية المبنية للمجهول

.... Obj. المفعول + must / mustn't + be + p.p.

Ex

The school rules must be followed.

A car mustn't be driven without a licence.

كما يمكن استخدام تعبيرات بديلة في الماضي لتعطي معنى قريب من (must) مثل :

It was necessary to + inf.

Ex

It was necessary to take my driving test yesterday.

It was a necessity to + inf.

Ex

It was a necessity to take my driving test yesterday.

It was a must to + inf.

Ex

It was a must to take my driving test yesterday.

Uses of "must"

تستخدم (must + inf) في زمني المضارع والمستقبل في الحالات التالية:

1 التعبير عن القوانين والقواعد العامة (وليس في وقت محدد) :

Ex

Drivers must wear seatbelts.

2 التعبير عن الالتزام الداخلي النابع من رغبة شخصية إذا كان الفاعل (I - We)

Ex

I must buy a present for my mother tomorrow.

3 إعطاء نصيحة قوية (لشخص مقرب أو من طيب لمريض مثلاً)

Ex You must stop smoking.

4 توجيه الدعوة بقوة (دعوة حارة لشخص مقرب)

Ex Sama, you must come to my birthday party tonight.

5 تستخدم صيغة الاستفهام للانتقاد أو اللوم :

Ex Must you talk while you are eating? (انتقاد سلوك غير مقبول)

Uses of "mustn't"

تستخدم (mustn't + inf) فى زمنى المضارع والمستقبل فى الحالات التالية :

1 التعبير عن المنع أو التحريم (prohibition) أو عدم السماح (طبقاً للقوانين والقواعد والأعراف) :

Ex You must not park outside the entrance.

2 التحذير من القيام بشيء قد يترتب عليه ضرر أو خطورة :

Ex You mustn't tell this news to anyone. It's a secret.



هناك طرق عديدة للتعبير عن المنع / التحريم مثل :

1

It isn't legal قانوني / permitted مسموح ... + to + inf. مصدر

=

It is illegal غير قانوني / against the law + to + inf.

=

Subj. + be + not + allowed / legal / permitted + to + inf.

=

(Inf. + ing) + be + (illegal / not allowed / against the law)

Ex It isn't permitted (legal) to park your car here.

It is illegal (against the law) to park your car here.

You aren't allowed to park your car here.

Parking your car here isn't allowed (legal / permitted).

Parking your car here is illegal (against the law).

2

It is banned / prohibited / forbidden محظور / ممنوع + to + inf.

=

Subj. + be + banned / prohibited/ forbidden + from + (inf. + ing)

=

(Inf. + ing) + be + banned / prohibited/ forbidden

Ex It is banned/ prohibited / forbidden to park your car here.

You are banned/ prohibited / forbidden from parking your car here.

Parking your car here is banned/ prohibited / forbidden.

have to / has to

يجب أن / من اللازم أن

Active Statement

الجملة الخبرية المبنية للمعلوم

Subj + have to / has to + inf + المصدر

Ex

You have to follow the school rules.

Sama has to pay the electricity bill tomorrow.

Negative

النفي

Subj. + don't / doesn't + have to + inf.

Ex

Do they have to wait for the manager?

Does Ahmed have to attend the meeting?

Yes / No Question

السؤال بـ "هل"

Do / Does + subj. + have to + inf.?

Ex

Do they have to wait for the manager?

Does Ahmed have to attend the meeting?

Passive statement

المبنى للمجهول

Obj. + have / has + to be + p.p.

Ex

The electricity bill has to be paid.

1 تذكر أن صيغة الماضي من (have / has got to) هي (had to) وليس (had got to)

Ex

Malak had got to borrow money after losing her purse.



Ex

Malak had to borrow money after losing her purse.



2 نستخدم (need / needs to) مثل (have / has to) كالتالي:

Ex

Yara needs to take a language course. (إثبات مبني للمعلوم)

Ex

Yara doesn't need to take a language course. (نفي)

3 تذكر أن (needn't) لا يتبعها (to)

Ex

Mom needn't go shopping every day.



Uses of "have to / has to"

1 التعبير عن الالتزام المفروض من الخارج (أى يوجد إجبار) مثل الالتزام بالقوانين والقواعد فى مواقف محددة فى زمنى المضارع والمستقبل :

Ex My children have to study ancient history at school next year.

2 تستخدم (will have to + inf) للتعبير عن شئ من المهم القيام به فى المستقبل :

Ex The flight is at six in the morning, so we'll have to get up very early.

3 تستخدم (had to + inf) كصيغة الماضى من (have to / must) للتعبير عن الضرورة والإلزام بصفة عامة فى الماضى :

Ex Aya had to cook the family dinner yesterday.

didn't need / have to & needn't have + p.p.

لاحظ الفرق بين (didn't + need / have to + inf.) و (needn't have + p.p.)

1 تعبر (didn't + need / have to + inf.) عن شئ كان الفاعل يعلم أنه ليس ضروريًا لذلك لم يقم به :

Ex It was raining, so I didn't need to water the flowers.

2 تعبر (needn't have + p.p.) عن شئ، لم يكن الفاعل يعلم أنه ليس ضروريًا ولذلك تم القيام به :

Ex Ali needn't have bought meat. We have enough in the freezer.

3 نستخدم (should have + p.p.) فى اللوم أو انتقاد شخص على عدم عمل شئ كان من المفترض أن يفعله:

Ex Karim should have cleaned his room.

4 نستخدم (shouldn't have + p.p.) فى اللوم أو انتقاد شخص على عدم عمل شئ كان من المفترض ألا يفعله:

Ex You shouldn't have got up so late.

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 She take this medicine because she isn't ill.

- (a) must (b) doesn't have to (c) ought not (d) has to

2 The players check their hearts before they were allowed to play.

- (a) have to (b) needn't (c) had to (d) don't have to

3 In the past, football clubs check players heart; they believed it wasn't necessary.

- (a) didn't have to (b) had to (c) must (d) don't have to

4 You visit the White Desert when you're in Farafra. It's amazing!

- (a) needn't (b) didn't have to (c) had to (d) must

5 The manager travel to London to attend an important conference last week.

- (a) had to (b) didn't have to (c) doesn't have to (d) mustn't

6 Father didn't find any tickets, he have booked earlier.

- (a) could (b) should (c) shouldn't (d) must

7 You whisper. Nobody can hear us.

- (a) must (b) didn't have to (c) have to (d) don't have to

8 You drive so fast. It's very dangerous.

- (a) don't need (b) don't have to (c) determination (d) mustn't

9 Fahmy wear a tie at work. It's the rule of his company.

- (a) has to (b) must (c) have to (d) mustn't

10 Yesterday, I stay at home with my brother as my parents were out.

- (a) has to (b) must (c) had to (d) mustn't

11 You really have taken so much trouble over me.

- (a) could (b) shouldn't (c) should (d) can't

12 Children play with matches or cleaning liquids.

- (a) have to (b) must (c) needn't (d) mustn't

13 You take an umbrella. It isn't raining.

- (a) ought not (b) don't need to (c) mustn't (d) need to

14 You wash your hands before you eat.

- (a) must (b) had to (c) need (d) needn't

15 We lock the car. It's safe here.

- (a) mustn't (b) needn't (c) can't (d) shouldn't

16 You aren't permitted to stay here. You stay here.

- (a) mustn't (b) don't have to (c) needn't (d) should

17 I'm going to the shops because I buy some tea.

- (a) had to (b) don't need to (c) need to (d) has to

18 In Egypt, some employees work 7 hours a day, 6 days a week.

- (a) mustn't (b) don't have to (c) should (d) have to

19 You forget to do your homework tonight. The teacher wants it tomorrow.

- (a) mustn't (b) don't have to (c) have to (d) must

20 You take things that don't belong to you.

- (a) don't have to (b) mustn't (c) have to (d) must

21 You buy a pen. I can lend you one.

- (a) must (b) need to (c) don't need to (d) have to

22 Amgad visit his uncle as he was ill in hospital.

- (a) has to (b) is necessary to (c) didn't have to (d) had to

23 I work every day from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. If I don't, I will be fired.

- (a) don't have to (b) must (c) have to (d) mustn't

24 When we are on vacation, we go to bed early.

- (a) must (b) mustn't (c) have to (d) don't have to

25 Ahmed have bought the same car. He was wrong to do it.

- (a) shouldn't (b) would (c) should (d) could

26 You smoke in hospitals. It's forbidden.

- (a) don't have to (b) mustn't (c) must (d) didn't have to

27 We paint the house. It hasn't been painted for many years.

- (a) needn't (b) has to (c) need to (d) mustn't

28 You eat a lot of fresh fruits to keep healthy.

- (a) ought (b) must (c) needn't (d) didn't have to

? 2) Rewrite the sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1 It is mandatory إلزامي for students to submit their assignments by Friday.

(have to)

.....
.....

2 It wasn't necessary for her to buy more milk, but she did anyway.

(needn't have)

.....
.....

3 Is it necessary for us to book a table in advance?

(Do)

.....
.....

4 It is against the law to smoke in public buildings.

(mustn't)

.....
.....

5 I was forced to wait for three hours at the clinic.

(had to)

.....
.....

6 There's no obligation for you to come to the party if you're tired. (don't have to)

.....
.....

- 7 It was unnecessary for him to carry that heavy bag because his friend had a car.
(didn't need to)

- 8 It is necessary for Sarah to practice the piano every day. (must)

- 9 I'm sure it wasn't a good idea for you to stay up so late last night.
(shouldn't have)

- 10 It is strictly forbidden to park your car in front of the exit. (mustn't)

لو عندك ملحوظة اتبها هنا

Unit 9

Key Vocabulary

المفردات الرئيسية

admire (v) (d)	يُعجب	inspiring (adj)	مُلهم
awareness (n)	وعي	invisible (adj)	غير مرئي
compassion (n)	تعاطف	moderator (n)	مُشرف / مُراقب
echo (n)	صدى الصوت	mural (n)	جدارية
gather (v) (ed)	يتجمع	promote (v) (d)	يُعزز / يروج
gesture (n)	إيماءة / إشارة	respect (n) (v) (ed)	احترام / يحترم
inspire (v) (d)	يلهم	skyline (n)	أفق المدينة / الأفق العمراني
storyteller	راوى قصص	tradition (n)	تقليد

Vocabulary on Reading & Listening

مفردات نصوص القراءة والاستماع

activity (n)	نشاط	raise (v) (d)	يرفع / يربي
aliens (n)	كائنات فضائية	ban (v) (ned)	يحظر / يمنع
alive (adj)	حي (على قيد الحياة)	beauty (n)	جمال
approval (n)	موافقة	border (n)	حدود
argument (n)	جدال / حجة	decoration (n)	حفل موسيقى
artist (n)	فنان	deserve(v) (d)	يستحق
artwork (n)	عمل فني	dove (n)	حمامة
athlete (n)	رياضي	equality (n)	مساواة
attention (n)	انتباه	fine arts (n)	فنون جميلة
attract (v) (ed)	يجذب	folk tale (n)	حكاية شعبية
audience(n)	جمهور	freedom (n)	حرية
outline (n)	يخطط / مخطط	react (v) (ed)	يتفاعل
peace (n)	سلام / هدوء	replace (v) (d)	يستبدل / يبدل
perform (v) (ed)	يؤدي	revolution (n)	ثورة
permanent (adj)	دائم	rhythm (n)	إيقاع
plant (n) (v) (ed)	نبات / يزرع	scary (adj)	مخيف
podcast (n)	بود كاست	scene (n)	مشهد
policy (n)	سياسة	seed (n)	بذرة
power (n)	قوة / سلطة	soldier (n)	جندي

Mr. Amr Ragab

speech (n)	خطاب	heal (v) (ed)	يشفى
host (n) (v) (ed)	مضيف / يضيف	humor (n)	فكاهة
image (n)	صورة	intonation (n)	نبرة صوت
invade (v) (d)	يغزو	issue (n)	قضية / مشكلة
law (n)	قانون	legend (n)	أسطورة
lyrics (n)	كلمات الأغنية	memorable (adj)	خالد / لا ينسى
spirit (n)	روح	sports star (n)	نجم رياضي
spread (v)	ينتشر / ينشر	stage (n)	مرحلة / خشبة مسرح
symbol (n)	رمز	temperature (n)	درجة حرارة
unity (n)	وحدة	universal (adj)	عالمي / شامل
youth forum (n)	منتدى الشباب		

Phrases, Expressions & idioms

التعبيرات والمصطلحات

at the same time	في الوقت نفسه
change the mind	يغير الرأي
convey a message	يوصل / يحمل رسالة
create permanent change	يحدث تغييرا دائما
feel inspired	يشعر بالإلهام
give life	يمنح حياة
keep ideas alive	يبقى الأفكار حية
make real progress	يحقق تقدما حقيقيا
over time	مع مرور الوقت
piece of art	قطعة فنية
spread social messages	ينشر رسائل اجتماعية
take action	يتخذ إجراء / يقوم بفعل
tell stories	يحكي قصصا
touch emotions	يلامس / يحرك المشاعر
watch in silence	يشاهد في صمت

Word		Synonym		Antonym
approval	موافقة	consent/agreement		disapproval/rejection رفض / عدم موافقة
argument	جدال / حُجَّة	debate/discussion/dispute		agreement/harmony اتفاق / توافق
awareness	وعى	knowledge/consciousness		ignorance/unawareness جهل / عدم وعى
ban	يحظر / يمنع	prohibit/forbid/restrict		allow/permit يسمح / يجيز
compassion	تعاطف / رحمة	empathy/kindness		cruelty/harshness قسوة / خشونة
decoration	زينة / زخرفة	ornament/embellishment		simplicity/plainness بساطة
equality	مساواة	fairness/justice		inequality/bias عدم مساواة / تحيز
heal	يشفى	cure/mend		harm/damage ضرر / أذى
inspiring	ملهـم	motivating/encouraging		demotivating/discouraging مثبط للهمة / محبط
invade	يغزو	occupy/conquer		retreat/withdraw يتراجع / ينسحب
invisible	غير مرئي / خفى	unseen/hidden		visible/obvious مرئي / واضح
memorable	خالد / لا يُنسى	unforgettable/remarkable		forgettable/unremarkable سهل النسيان / غير لافت
permanent	دائم / مُستديم	lasting/enduring/stable		temporary/transient مؤقت / عابر
promote	يُعزّز / يُرَوِّج	advance/support/encourage		hinder/suppress يعطل / يكبت
react	يتفاعل	respond/reply		ignore/overlook يتجاهل / يفض الطرف عن
scary	مخيف / مرعب	frightening/terrifying		calming/soothing مهدى / مسكن
unity	وحدة / اتحاد	harmony/solidarity		division/separation انقسام / فصل
universal	عالمي / شامل	global/widespread		limited/local/specific محدود / محلي / خاص

Prepositions

حروف الجر

according to	حَسَبَ / وفقًا لـ	listen to	يَسْتَمِعُ إِلَى
act with	يتصرف بـ / يعمل بـ	move on	يَتَقَدَّمُ / يَمْضِي
based on	معتمد على	necessary for	ضروري لـ
filled with	ممتلئ بـ	passed down through	تنقل عبر / تورث عبر
remind ... of	يذكر بـ	speak through	يَتَحَدَّثُ عَبْرَ / خِلَالِ
spread to	ينتشر إلى	think of	يُفَكِّرُ فِي

? Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

- 
MR Ragab
 01112883153
 English is a language built on journeys and meanings. Every word hides a story of how it found its voice in time.

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d:

- 1 Watching educational programs can increase children's..... of health and safety.
 (a) silence (b) shyness (c) awareness (d) cleverness
- 2 The loud bang in the empty building produced a/an that scared the children.
 (a) product (b) fight (c) sign (d) echo
- 3 The teacher told the students to their chairs for the activity.
 (a) post (b) gather (c) separate (d) drop
- 4 Some bacteria are without a microscope, so we need tools to see them.
 (a) invisible (b) colorful (c) visible (d) inactive
- 5 The kept the debate organized and ensured everyone had a chance to speak.
 (a) audience (b) speaker (c) moderator (d) participant
- 6 A/An is a plan or framework that organizes ideas before writing.
 (a) project (b) contract (c) deadline (d) outline
- 7 A culture of..... in the classroom creates a positive learning environment.
 (a) compassion (b) respect (c) conflict (d) chaos
- 8 From the top of the hill, we could see the city's stretching far into the distance.
 (a) playground (b) crowd (c) depth (d) skyline

- 9 When crossing the street, pedestrians المشاة must pay to traffic signals.
- (a) attention (b) trouble (c) duty (d) direction
- 10 The Mona Lisa is a famous created by Leonardo da Vinci and is shown in the Louvre Museum.
- (a) uniform (b) attendance (c) artwork (d) poem
- 11 Witnesses at the accident gave statements to the police about the cause of it.
- (a) signal (b) scene (c) screen (d) sight
- 12 A good presenter always makes eye contact with the to keep them engaged.
- (a) speaker (b) audience (c) director (d) crew
- 13 Stand-up comedians use to make large audiences laugh on stage.
- (a) science (b) photography (c) drama (d) humor
- 14 Many stories about friendship have messages that people from different countries can relate to.
- (a) universal (b) personal (c) optional (d) rare
- 15 Digital cameras store photos as electronic files that can be sent via email.
- (a) sight (b) painting (c) image (d) metal
- 16 Parents try to children with good manners and respect for others.
- (a) arise (b) raise (c) rise (d) appear
- 17 The project is still in its early planning; we haven't started any actual construction yet.
- (a) grade (b) condition (c) moment (d) stage

18 A..... is a digital audio program that can be downloaded or streamed online.

- (a) newspaper (b) magazine (c) podcast (d) vlog

19 Climate change and deforestation are global that affect millions of people every day.

- (a) issues (b) recipes (c) innovations (d) debates

20 Seeing successful people can help young students..... inspired to reach their goals.

- (a) fill (b) feel (c) pay (d) play

21 With regular practice, the band began to in their performance.

- (a) make mistakes (b) make excuses (c) make progress (d) make noise

22 Good ideas can spread other people and encourage them to act.

- (a) in (b) with (c) on (d) to

23 Helping a friend is a kind that shows care and respect.

- (a) grade (b) signal (c) gesture (d) message

24 Learning about helps students understand how decisions are made in a country.

- (a) policy (b) politics (c) sports (d) art

25 Tickets for the were sold out quickly as many fans had been waiting for it.

- (a) concert (b) party (c) ceremony (d) memorial

Stative Verbs and Action Verbs

Types of Verbs

أنواع الأفعال

Stative Verbs

الأفعال التقريرية

هي أفعال تصف حالة ولا تستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة، ومن أمثلة هذه الأفعال:

be-love-hate-dislike - seem ... etc.

Ex He is being happy. ❌

He is happy. ✅

Action Dynamic Verbs

أفعال الحركة

هي أفعال تصف حدث أو حركة ويمكن أن تستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة، ومن أمثلة هذه الأفعال:

play - visit - build - help - write... etc.

Ex She is writing an essay. ❌ She writes an essay every week. ✅

Verbs that are both Action and Stative

الأفعال التقريرية والحركية

هي أفعال يمكن استخدامها في أزمنة مختلفة حسب معناها في الجملة:

be-have-see-smell-taste- think

Ex She is having a tablet يمتلك ❌

She has a tablet. (يمتلك) ✅

Most Important Stative Verbs

أهم الأفعال التقريرية :

أفعال الأحاسيس والمشاعر Feelings and emotions

care يهتم - يراعى

dislike يكره

hate يكره

impress يبهز - يؤثر في

like يحب

love يحب

desire يرغب

mind يمانع / يبالي

miss يشاقق ل - يفقد

need يحتاج

please يسعد

prefer يفضل

أفعال الأحاسيس والمشاعر Feelings and emotions

satisfy

يرضى - يشبع

want

يريد

wish

يتمنى

أفعال القياس Measurements

consist of

يتكون من

include

يشمل / يتضمن

contain

يحتوى على

measure

يبلغ مقاسه

cost

تبلغ تكلفته

suit

يناسب - يلائم

deserve

يستحق

weigh (=have weight)

يبلغ وزنه

fit

يناسب - يلائم

أفعال الملكية Possessions

belong

يخص / ينتمى إلى

own

يملك

have

يملك

possess

يملك

owe

يدين بـ (مال / معروف)

أفعال الحواس Senses

feel

يعطى ملمس

see

يري

hear

يسمع

smell

يعطى رائحة

recognize

يتعرف على

taste

يعطى مذاق ...

أفعال الحالات / السمات States/Qualities

appear

يبدو / يظهر

resemble

يشبه

exist

يوجد

seem

يبدو

look

يبدو

sound

يبدو

أفعال التفكير والآراء Thoughts & Opinions

agree	يوافق	imagine	يتخيل
believe	يعتقد / يظن	know	يعرف
concern	يهم - يشغل بال	matter	يهم
deny	ينكر	mean	يعني - يقصد
depend	يعتمد على	remember	يتذكر
disagree	يرفض	suppose	يفترض
doubt	يشك	suspect	يشك
feel (=have an opinion)	يعتقد / يظن	think (=have an opinion)	يعتقد / يظن
forget	ينسى	understand	يفهم

ملاحظات هامة على الأفعال التقريرية

1 لا تستخدم الأفعال التقريرية بالمعاني المذكورة في الجداول السابقة في الأزمنة المستمرة، ويتم استخدام أقرب زمن بسيط حسب معنى الجملة

Ex

Nasser is having a modern car. (مضارع مستمر) ❌

Nasser has a modern car. (مضارع بسيط) ✅

I have been knowing him for 6 years. (مضارع تام مستمر) ❌

I have known him for 6 years. (مضارع تام بسيط) ✅

2

يمكن استخدام الأفعال التقريرية بمعاني غير المعاني المذكورة في الجدول السابق في الأزمنة المستمرة:

Ex

I am having (=eating) lunch now. المعنى يتناول وليس يمتلك

استثناءات هامة Important Exceptions

في الجدول التالي سيتم إلقاء الضوء على أهم الأفعال التقديرية التي تستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة بمعاني أخرى غير المعاني المذكورة في الجداول السابقة

Be

Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

am/is/are / was / were يكون / يوجد

Nada is being very ill. ❌

Nada is very ill. ✅

Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

am/is/are/was / were + being يتصرف - يصبح

Nada is boring. ✅

= She is boring by nature.

Nada is being boring. ✅

= She is temporarily boring.

feel

Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

feel يعتقد - يعطى ملمس

I am feeling he is right. ❌

I feel he is right. ✅

The floor is feeling smooth. ❌

The floor feels smooth. ✅

Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

feel يشعر

He is feeling better today. ✅

I am feeling hot. ✅

She was feeling very tired yesterday. ✅

have

Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

have/has/had يمتلك

He is having a villa. ❌

He has a villa. ✅

She was having a bike. ❌

She had a bike. ✅

Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

have-eat/drink / spend يأكل / يشرب / يقضي

I am having a nice time. ✅

= I am spending a nice time.

We were having fish. ✅

= We were eating fish.

look

Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

Look يبدو

Mum is looking tired. ❌

Mum looks tired. ✅

She was having a bike. ❌

She had a bike. ✅

Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

look ينظر / يبحث

I am looking at the screen. ✅

She was looking for a pen. ✅

measure

Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

measure يبلغ مقاسه

This room is measuring four metres long. ❌

This room measures four metres long. ✅

Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

measure يقيس

He is measuring the length of the room. ✅

I was measuring the diameter قطر of the circle. ✅

see

Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

see يرى

He is seeing some fish in the clear water. ❌

I can see some fish in the clear water. ✅

Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

see يقابل

I am seeing some friends in the club tomorrow. ✅

She has been seeing the dentist in the afternoon. ✅

smell

Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

smell يعطى رائحة - له رائحة

This meat is smelling delicious. ❌

This meat smells delicious. ✅

Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)

smell يشم

I am smelling the cake. ✅

Sama was smelling the new bottle of perfume. ✅

*taste***Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)**

يعطى مذاق - له مذاق taste

This soup is tasting salty.



This soup tastes salty.

**Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)**

يتذوق - يذوق taste

Mum is tasting the soup.



The chef was tasting the rice.

*think***Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)**

يعتقد think

I am thinking she is ill.



I think she is ill.

**Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)**

يتذوق - يذوق taste

I am thinking about the best solution to this problem.

*weigh***Stative usage (لا يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)**

يبلغ وزنه weigh

This apple is weighing 70 grams.



This apple weighs 70 grams.

**Action usage (يستخدم في أزمنة مستمرة)**

يزن weigh

The butcher is weighing the meat.



Ali was weighing the bag of rice.



? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d:

1 Sara is very nervous. She her nails all the time.

- (a) biting (b) bite (c) is biting (d) bites

2 Listen! Someone at the door.

- (a) knocks (b) is knocking (c) knocked (d) knock

3 I this bag belongs to Ahmed.

- (a) am thinking (b) thinking (c) think (d) am think

4 My sister chocolate, but she doesn't eat it these days.

- (a) loves (b) is loving (c) love (d) loving

5 A: Why are you so angry? B: Because you interrupting me!

- (a) were always (b) always (c) always are (d) are always

6 Look! The baby to walk on his own.

- (a) tries (b) is trying (c) trying (d) try

7 I what you mean now.

- (a) am understanding (b) understanding (c) understand (d) am understood

8 My teacher is very kind, but today he strict.

- (a) is being (b) being (c) was (d) be

9 Taha a shower at the moment.

- (a) takes (b) taking (c) take (d) is taking

10 This dress perfect on you.

- (a) is fitting (b) fits (c) fitting (d) fit

11 A: Why is your brother so tired? B: He late every night this week.

- (a) works (b) worked (c) is working (d) working

12 I the answer, but I can't explain it.

- (a) know (b) am knowing (c) knowing (d) knew

13 Be quiet! The students an exam now.

- (a) have (b) has (c) having (d) are having

14 My father coffee, but today he is drinking tea.

- (a) is preferring (b) prefers (c) prefer (d) preferring

15 Why you always forgetting your keys?

- (a) do (b) did (c) are (d) were

16 Asmaa very happy at the moment.

- (a) isn't seeming (b) is seeming (c) doesn't seem (d) seemed

17 Ramy his music very loud. I can't sleep.

- (a) plays (b) played (c) has played (d) is playing

18 that woman in the corner? She is walking with her dog.

- (a) Do you see (b) Are you seeing (c) You see (d) Were you seeing

19 You look very thoughtful. What about?

- (a) do you think (b) are you thinking (c) will you think (d) you think

20 what he's saying? He's not speaking English, and it's not French.

- (a) Had you understood (b) Do you understand (c) Are you understanding (d) Were you understanding

21 Why? Isn't it a funny joke?

- (a) don't you laugh (b) you laugh (c) aren't you laughing (d) are you laughing

22 Youssif to come to your party. He says he is too tired.

- (a) didn't want (b) isn't wanting (c) won't want (d) doesn't want

23 You nice to me nowadays. So, I will be nice to you.

- (a) are being (b) will be (c) are (d) were

24 My next-door neighbor on my door and asking me to lend her my necklace.

- (a) always knocks (b) is always knocking (c) always knocked (d) knocking

25 More and more people their rubbish nowadays.

- (a) recycling (b) will recycle (c) recycled (d) are recycling

26 I my blue jeans today because they have a hole in them.

- (a) hadn't worn (b) not wear (c) am not wearing (d) wear

27 My brother glasses, but he doesn't wear them when he plays soccer.

- (a) has (b) is having (c) was having (d) doesn't have

28 A: What does this word here? B: I don't know. You can ask our teacher.

- (a) means (b) is meaning (c) meant (d) mean

? 2) Rewrite the sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1 He is very interested in history. (loves)

.....
.....

2 The sky appears cloudy. (looks)

.....
.....

3 The soup has a bad flavor. (tastes)

.....
.....

4 Because he wants to get the job, he attends extra courses. (hopes)

.....
.....

5 Believing in equality, she treats everyone fairly. (believes)

.....
.....

6 It upset me as my brother forgets my things. (always)

.....
.....

WRITING SKILL: A Problem-Solution Paragraph

- 1 To write a problem - solution paragraph, choose a **realistic, focused** problem.
- 2 To state a solution for a problem, **brainstorm** possible **solutions** for it.
- 3 In a problem solution paragraph, we select one main problem and **one main solution**.
- 4 To draft your problem solution paragraph, you use the **three-part structure**; introducing the problem, explaining the solution and showing the result or outcome.
- 5 When writing a problem - solution paragraph, we introduce the problem in the first section of the draft.
- 6 When writing the draft of a problem - **solution** paragraph, we should explain the **solution** in the second and third sections.
- 7 In a problem solution paragraph, we show the **results** or **outcomes** in the final (fourth) section of the
- 8 To ensure the quality of our problem solution paragraph we write, we should **revise** and **polish** it.
- 9 "Many people today struggle to..." is a good way to **introduce the problem**.
- 10 "A good way to solve this is by..." is a good way to **explain** one **main solution** in detail.
- 11 To show the result or the outcome in a problem - solution paragraph, we can begin with "**As a result, people can...**".
- 12 To make a model problem solution paragraph, we should use the **problem, solution, result structure**.
- 13 The solution given to a problem should be **doable** with time, low cost, or existing resources.
- 14 When writing a problem solution paragraph, we should introduce the problem **clearly**.
- 15 To state a solution for the problem, we should **explain it in detail**.
- 16 "One major problem is..." is used to **introduce the problem**.
- 17 "To deal with this problem, we can..." is used to explain a **solution**.
- 18 "This leads to..." is used to introduce the **results** or the **outcome**.

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d:

1 A problem-solution paragraph mainly presents

- a many unrelated ideas
- b only statistics
- c a story with an extended dialogue
- d a clear problem and a main solution



2 In the structure of a problem-solution paragraph, the result/outcome is usually placed...

- a first
- b second
- c last
- d in the title

3 In a problem-solution paragraph, the best focus is to choose

- a one problem and one solution
- b two opposite solutions
- c several big problems
- d many examples without a solution

4 Which sentence fits the problem part in a problem-solution paragraph?

- a Many students struggle to find quiet study areas because the library is crowded.
- b As a result, grades improved.
- c The club will print posters to help members know everything.
- d Therefore, we should celebrate.

5 Which sentence belongs to the solution part?

- a One major problem is noise in the hallways.
- b A good way to solve this is by setting quiet zones.
- c Because students talk loudly, others can't focus.
- d As a result, students feel calmer.

WRITING SKILL: A Campaign Poster

- 1 A campaign poster is a short public notice that tries to **persuade people to do something** for an important goal.
- 2 The campaign poster includes a **clear title**, a simple message and key details.
- 3 To write a campaign poster, first, we choose **a clear and powerful title**.
- 4 Using positive and motivating language makes people **feel hopeful and responsible** in a campaign poster.
- 5 When writing a campaign poster, we should use **short, direct sentences**.
- 6 Campaign posters must be **easy to read**.
- 7 **Using imperative forms** is preferred to be used in campaign posters.
- 8 "Join us! / Don't waste! / Keep our planet clean and safe!" are **commands** used in campaign posters.
- 9 "**Time, place, goal, contact info...**" are key details that should be added to campaign posters.
- 10 To write a good campaign poster, use positive and **motivating language**.
- 11 "Together we can make a difference!" is **positive** and **motivating language** which can be used in a campaign poster.
- 12 Bullets, icons and short slogans make campaign posters more **simple and attractive**.



A Campaign Poster

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 What is the main purpose of a campaign poster?

- (a) To tell a long story
- (b) To entertain people
- (c) To persuade people to take action
- (d) To test grammar rules

2 "Recycle for a Clean Future" is a good.....for a poster .

- (a) conclusion
- (b) title
- (c) detail
- (d) body

3 Which part should be the most noticeable at the top?

- (a) contact email
- (b) time and place
- (c) a long paragraph
- (d) a clear, powerful title

4 A campaign poster message should be mainly

- (a) short and clear
- (b) confusing
- (c) very long
- (d) full of difficult words

5 What should you write after the title?

- (a) The goal in a sentence
- (b) A poem of two stanzas
- (c) A list of names
- (d) A joke

WRITING SKILL: An Opinion Paragraph

- 1 An opinion paragraph is a piece of writing to express **personal thoughts, beliefs or feelings about a specific topic**.
- 2 In an opinion paragraph, we should start with a clear **topic sentence**.
- 3 "I believe ... / From my point of view..." are used to express your **opinion**.
- 4 In an opinion paragraph, support your opinion with **logical explanations**.
- 5 To support your opinion, give at least two **strong reasons**.
- 6 To **introduce reasons** for your opinion, you can use "because ... / since and for example.
- 7 To strengthen your opinion, always **add evidence or example**.
- 8 Using **real events, personal experiences** or things you have seen or read supports your opinion when writing an opinion paragraph.
- 9 To end your opinion paragraph successfully, use **a strong concluding sentence**.
- 10 In the conclusion of an opinion paragraph, **restate your opinion in a new way**.
- 11 When writing an opinion paragraph, state your opinion in the **first** sentence.
- 12 It is important to keep your opinion **consistent** when writing an opinion paragraph.



? Choose the correct answer from a, b, cord:

1 The first sentence of the paragraph is called the

- a** example **b** topic sentence
c debate **d** policy

2 The writer should state the opinion

- a** in the first sentence **b** in the last sentence
c after three examples **d** in the title only

3 A paragraph should focus onmain idea.

- ☐ a one
 ☐ b two
 ☐ c three
 ☐ d four

4 You should give at leaststrong reasons.

- ☐ **a** one
 ☐ **b** two
 ☐ **c** three
 ☐ **d** four

5 Evidence is information thatyour point.

- a** hides **b** changes
c supports **d** stops

Chapter 7: Arrest and Rescue: From Calcutta to Hong Kong

- 1 After a long and difficult journey across the jungle, Mr. Fogg, Passepartout, and Aouda reached the city of Calcutta on the afternoon of October 25th.
- 2 The clock at the station showed exactly four o'clock, and their next ship, the Rangoon, was set to leave for Hong Kong at five.
- 3 Mr. Fogg showed no sign of worry and thought first of making sure that Aouda would be safely settled for the voyage.
- 4 As the three travelers stepped outside the station, Detective Fix followed closely behind them.
- 5 Two policemen approached Mr. Fogg and Passepartout and ordered them to come with them.
- 6 Mr. Fogg, who always respected the law, calmly agreed to go and asked that Aouda be allowed to come with them.
- 7 The three were taken in a heavy carriage through the streets of Calcutta to a government building.
- 8 They were locked in a small room and told that they would appear before Judge Obadiah at eight-thirty.
- 9 Passepartout was shocked, while Aouda felt distressed and blamed herself because Mr. Fogg had saved her in India.
- 10 Passepartout was sentenced to fifteen days in prison, and Mr. Fogg was sentenced to eight days and a fine as his master.
- 11 Mr. Fogg offered bail, the sum was enormous so the judge couldn't refuse.
- 12 They left the courthouse at once and hurried to the dock, and the Rangoon was preparing to depart, so they boarded just in time.
- 13 Fix stood on the pier in despair, then he bought a ticket with his own money and boarded the ship at the last moment to follow Fogg.
- 14 As the ship sailed into the Bay of Bengal, Mr. Fogg told Aouda that a human life was worth more than time or money, while Passepartout wiped his eyes and the journey continued.

Chapter 8: Deception and Departure: Hong Kong and Yokohama

- 1 The steamship Rangoon carried Phileas Fogg, Aouda, Passepartout, and Fix across the Bay of Bengal toward the South China Sea.
- 2 From the moment Fogg and his companions left Calcutta, Fogg knew he had lost exactly two days.
- 3 Aouda was impressed by Fogg's calmness and sense of duty.
- 4 Near the Strait of Malacca, rough monsoon weather struck, and the Rangoon was not one of the fast mail steamers that Fogg preferred.
- 5 By the time the travelers passed Singapore, they were already a day behind schedule.
- 6 Fogg and his companions reached Hong Kong on November 6, one day later than planned.
- 7 Fogg's first concern was Aouda's safety, but Passepartout discovered that her cousin had moved to Holland.
- 8 Fogg decided that they would continue to Europe together, and Aouda became a permanent member of the journey.
- 9 Fogg learned that the Carnatic had sailed earlier, and he had only 24 hours to find another way.
- 10 Detective Fix revealed his identity, accused Fogg, and put medicine in Passepartout's cup of tea to stop him from warning Fogg.
- 11 Fogg found the schooner Tankadere and made a dangerous proposal to reach Shanghai on time.
- 12 At 8:00 p.m., Fogg and Aouda boarded the Tankadere, while Fix joined them urgently.
- 13 Passepartout became a stowaway on the Carnatic, while the Tankadere fought through storms.
- 14 Fogg fired the cannon to send an emergency signal, paid a generous bonus, and later reunited with Passepartout in Yokohama before sailing to San Francisco.
- 15 In Yokohama, Passepartout had joined a troupe of Japanese acrobats during a practice session to survive.
- 16 After being released from his contract, Passepartout confessed that Fix was a detective.

Chapter 9: Pacific Passage and Peril - Japan to San Francisco

- 1 The American mail steamer General Grant departed from Yokohama heading directly across the Pacific Ocean toward San Francisco.
- 2 The twenty-two-day crossing had been carefully factored into Phileas Fogg's schedule.
- 3 According to his plan, Phileas Fogg was due to arrive on December 2nd.
- 4 Fogg received the valet's confession about Fix's identity with the same unshakable calm he applied to all crises.
- 5 Phileas Fogg's only priority remained the recovery of lost time.
- 6 Passepartout was deeply distressed because he had expected outrage when revealing Fix's deception.
- 7 Passepartout began to see Fogg's calmness not as oddness but as the profound courage of an innocent man wrongfully accused yet unbroken.
- 8 Aouda observed the strained triangle between the three men, and her respect for Phileas Fogg deepened into genuine affection.
- 9 Detective Fix was now in an awkward and frustrating situation because he was traveling on Fogg's ticket and forced to endure the polite company of the man he intended to arrest.
- 10 Fix became a reluctant ally because he needed Fogg to succeed and return to British soil as fast as possible.
- 11 The voyage itself was quiet and steady, and the General Grant was fast enough to make up some of the lost time.
- 12 The most notable event was their crossing of the 180th Meridian, and Passepartout became utterly confused when he insisted it was December 2nd.
- 13 One dramatic moment occurred when the General Grant collided with a pod of whales, and the impact caused a violent shudder and forced a temporary stop.
- 14 On the morning of December 3rd, the General Grant entered the booming port of San Francisco.
- 15 The Pacific crossing was complete, but the dangers of the vast American continent now awaited Phileas Fogg, Passepartout, Aouda, and Fix.

Reading Text

Nearly all people either like telling stories or listening to them, but do they like to write? It can be hard to write stories down on paper. Writing is one of those skills that needs practice. Writing encourages people to exercise their creative minds and practice using their imaginations. It improves their ability to come up with alternatives. This broadens their thought processes, which can lead to success in many areas, including problem-solving and analysis. Even professional writers do not write everything perfectly the first time. **They** have to revise their work. They usually ask their friends' opinions of what they have written. They sometimes force the writer to change their style on a certain point. When you revise your writing, you look for ways to change it that will make it better. You check your spelling. You make sure that you have used capitals, periods, and other punctuation marks in the best way. You look for words that can be taken out or added for different, more exciting meanings. You make sure that your words help the reader get an image in their mind when he reads them. Revising your writing is important. The changes you make can turn boring words into exciting words. It can make your ideas come alive. Don't be afraid to make changes. The first time you write on a topic, you get your ideas down on paper. Revising your writing is polishing it up. It's making it ready for readers to enjoy.

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 Writing is considered a hard skill as it.....

- (a) needs paper (b) takes practice
(c) weakens the mind (d) needs time

2 Why is revising the writing important?

- (a) It can make the writer's ideas alive. (b) It can help the writer make much money.
(c) It can turn exciting ideas into boring ones. (d) It can help the writer pass tests.

3 What does the underlined pronoun "**They**" refer to?

- (a) The readers. (b) The writers. (c) The books. (d) The friends.

4 When you revise your writing, you

- (a) use a lot of paper (b) change it from better to worse
(c) make it ready for readers to enjoy (d) change it completely

5 In order to turn boring words into exciting words. You need

- (a) some changes in your writing. (b) to buy a lot of books.
(c) change the thing you are writing. (d) learn new words and phrases.

6 Checking spelling and punctuation is a way

- (a) to write a story or a report (b) to revise the writing
(c) we ask others to do (d) to learn how to write.

7 The synonym of the word "exciting" is

- (a) dull (b) stimulating (c) boring (d) soothing



Reading Text

Is it difficult for you to remember things for a test? Do you feel tired a lot of the time? Try eating breakfast. Eating a good breakfast can improve memory, concentration, and test scores, especially in math and reading. Breakfast eaters usually eat more fruit, drink more milk, and eat a larger variety of food than non-breakfast eaters. This gives them more energy. People who eat a lot of fruit and vegetables are less likely to have heart problems. You should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables a day. One portion is, for example, a banana, an apple, one slice of melon or pineapple, or two plums. Consuming too much salt can raise your blood pressure. People with high blood pressure are three times more likely to develop heart disease or have a stroke than people with normal blood pressure. Three-quarters (75%) of the salt we eat is already in the food we buy, such as breakfast cereals, soups, sauces, and prepackaged meals. So you could easily be eating too much salt without realizing it. Having too much saturated fat can cause heart disease. Products that contain large amounts of saturated fats are meat pies, cheese, butter, lard, cream, and cakes. You should replace butter and lard with vegetable oils, which don't contain saturated fat. Eating sugary foods and drinks too often can cause tooth decay. Cutting down on sugar will help you control your weight. Sugar is added to many types of food, such as soda, juices, candy, biscuits, cakes, and ice cream. We should be drinking about 6 to 8 glasses of water every day and even more when the weather is warm. Don't drink too much coffee or tea as they can dehydrate you.

? Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1 What can breakfast do to us?

- (a) It helps us to misunderstand. (b) It helps us to concentrate.
(c) It helps us to reduce salt. (d) It helps us to raise pressure.

2 Which school subjects are most affected by having breakfast?

- (a) English and Arabic. (b) Reading and English.
(c) Math and reading. (d) Math and sports.

3 What helps protect from heart attacks?

- (a) Eating a lot of fruit and vegetables. (b) Salt and plums.
(c) Drinking coffee and tea. (d) Having too much saturated fat.

4 What causes blood pressure to rise?

- (a) Having a lot of fruit and vegetables. (b) Eating too much salt.
(c) Having sugary foods and drinks. (d) Drinking too much water.

5 We should replace butter and lard with vegetable oils because

- (a) butter and lard contain much sugar (b) butter and lard contain much blood pressure
(c) vegetable oils contain much water (d) vegetable oils are less harmful

6 What is the best title to the passage?

- (a) Cutting down on salt. (b) Dangers of saturated fat.
(c) Cutting down on sugar. (d) How to stay healthy.

7 We infer from the passage that we can control our weight by.....

- (a) cutting down on sugar (b) sleeping early
(c) drinking too much coffee or tea (d) eating too much vegetable oil



تدريب على الترجمة

1 (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

1 A well-designed playground encourages cooperation, resolves conflicts through play, and gives every child a sense of belonging.

- (a) يشجع فناء المدرسة المصمم جيدًا على التعاون وحل النزاعات من خلال اللعب، ويعطى كل طفل شعورًا بالانتماء.
- (b) يشجع فناء المدرسة المبهرج على التنافس وحل الصراعات من خلال اللعب، ويعطى الطفل الموهوب شعورًا بالتميز.
- (c) يتعلم الأطفال في فناء المدرسة جيدًا التعاون وحل النزاعات من خلال اللعب، ويشعرون جميعًا بالانتماء.
- (d) تشجع ساحة اللعب المصممة جيدًا على التعاون، وتتجنب النزاعات بمنع اللعب، ويوفر لكل طفل شعورًا بالمرح.

تدريب على الترجمة

1 (B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

1 إن قيادة التغيير الفعالة تتطلب رؤية واضحة، وشجاعة لاتخاذ قرارات صعبة، وقدرة على إلهام الآخرين، وحملهم على المشاركة في الرحلة.

- (a) Effective leadership of change requires a clear vision, the courage to make hard decisions, and the ability to inspire others and carry them to participate in the journey.
- (b) The effectiveness of change leadership needs a clear vision, courage for hard choices, and an ability to motivate others and make them join the trip.
- (c) True change management requires clear sight, bravery in making tough decisions, and inspiring others to participate in the journey.
- (d) Effective change leadership requires a clear vision, the courage to make difficult decisions, and the ability to inspire others and enlist them in the journey.

تدريب على الترجمة

? (A) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

1 Biodiversity is the key indicator of the health of an ecosystem. That's because each species in an ecosystem has a specific role to play.

- (a) إن التنوع البيئي مؤشر ثانوي على صحة أى نظام موثر؛ وذلك لأن كل فصيلة في النظام البيئي لها دور محدد تلعبه.
- (b) إن الأحياء البيئية مفتاح رئيسي على صحة أي نظام بيئي؛ وذلك لأن كل الفصائل في النظام البيئي لها دور محدد تلعبه.
- (c) إن التنوع البيئي مؤشر رئيسي على صحة أى نظام بيئي؛ وذلك لأن كل فصيلة في النظام البيئي لها دور محدد تلعبه.
- (d) إن التنوع البيئي مؤشر رئيسي على تدهور أى نظام بيئي؛ وذلك لأن كل الفصائل في النظام البيئي لها دور محدد تلعبه.

تدريب على الترجمة

? (B) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

1 إن الأطفال هم شباب الغد وأمل البلاد في المستقبل؛ لذا يجب أن توفر الدولة الرعاية الصحية والتعليمية لهم بالمجان. فكل دولة تريد أن تتقدم يجب أن تهتم بأطفالها.

- (a) Children are the youth of tomorrow and the hope of the country in the present. That's why the state must provide them with educational and health care free of charge. Every country that wants to develop must take care of its children.
- (b) Young children are the country's hope for the future. You need the state to provide care, education and sports for them free of charge. Every country wants to advance to take care of its children.
- (c) Children are the youth of tomorrow and the country's hope for the future. Therefore, the state needn't provide health care and education for them free of charge. Any country wanting progress must take care of its young.
- (d) Children are the young of tomorrow and the country's hope for the future. Therefore, the state must provide health care and education for them free of charge. Any country that wants to progress must take care of its children.

حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (3)

اختبار شهر مارس





أهم أسئلة كتاب الطالب

- Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given.

1. "An inclusive society accepts diversity." "Inclusive" here can be replaced by.....
a. selfish b. included c. unfair d. welcoming e. shy
2. "After the match, they quarreled over the referee's call." "Quarrel over" here can be replaced by
a. argue over b. dispute c. agree on d. reconcile e. cooperate
3. "They had to delay the match because of bad weather." "Delay" here is a synonym of
a. ensure b. put off c. value d. postpone e. reflect
4. "Mariam showed perseverance and didn't give up." The antonym of "Perseverance" here is
a. obstacle b. recognition c. giving up d. empathy e. capitulation
5. The antonym of the word "....." is discouraging.
a. unexciting b. inspiring c. boring d. uninteresting e. motivating
6. "After the meeting, the teacher asked students to gather in the school hall." "Gather" here is an antonym of
a. assemble b. scatter c. collect d. meet e. disperse
7. "He really respects his teachers." "Respect" here is a synonym of
a. esteem b. promote c. insult d. honor e. ignore
8. "Inclusive communities help everyone feel valued."
The antonym of valued is
a. respected b. appreciated c. hated d. worthless e. important
9. "Students should show fairness during group activities."
The opposite of fairness is.....
a. treating people equally b. winning every time c. injustice
d. honesty e. unfairness
10. "Volunteers helped resolve the conflict peacefully."
The synonym of resolve is
a. solve b. settle c. create d. ignore e. worsen
11. "Art can express feelings without words."
The meaning of express is
a. show b. communicate c. hide d. cover e. silence
12. "The artist's work had a powerful impact on the audience."
The synonym of impact is
a. effect b. influence c. accident d. delay e. decoration

- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1. A civilized society respects cultural and opinion.....
a. cooperation b. diversity c. fairness d. empathy
2. Tois to make a person or thing part of a group, list, or total.
a. belong b. invite c. include d. wave
3. If the team leader had welcomed the members warmly, the team valued and included.
a. felt b. have felt c. would feel d. would have felt
4. An inclusive playground is a place where students feel
a. tired b. ignored c. valued d. confused
5. Students show fairness by
a. taking turns b. shouting loudly c. playing alone d. competing only
6. Diversity means
a. having the same skills b. winning every game
c. having no rules to follow in classrooms
d. having different abilities and backgrounds



3. When you don't say thank you, people feel unappreciated. (If)
- If you don't say thank you, people feel unappreciated.
4. Nader came late because he didn't catch the train. (If)
- If Nader had caught the train, he wouldn't have come late.
5. Rana is clever. She can answer this question. (If)
- If Rana weren't clever, she couldn't answer this question.
6. When you boil water, it evaporates. (If)
- If you boil water, it evaporates.
7. She is a polite girl so her friends love her. (If)
- If she weren't a polite girl, her friends wouldn't love her.
8. It was a must to clean my bedroom. (had to)
- I had to clean my bedroom.
9. Ali didn't buy his dad the magazine he wanted. (should)
- Ali should have bought his dad the magazine he wanted.
10. It's banned to smoke in hospitals. (mustn't)
- You mustn't smoke in hospitals.
11. It was unnecessary to buy extra items. (didn't need)
- I didn't need to buy extra items.
12. Doctors' duty is to help patients. (must)
- Doctors must help patients.
13. My father doesn't like eating pizza. (enjoys)
- My father never enjoys eating pizza.
14. Zeinab thinks the homework is difficult. (seems)
- The homework seems difficult to Zeinab.
15. Amal doesn't own this tablet. (belong)
- This tablet doesn't belong to Amal.
16. You have to follow the rules, otherwise you will be punished. (If)
- If you don't follow the rules, you will be punished.
17. You needn't finish the report today. (been)
- It hasn't been necessary to finish the report today.
18. He doesn't help others, so people don't trust him. (If)
- If he helped others, people would trust him.

Translation

- Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d.

1. It has always been said that failure is instructive. The person who is really intelligent learns much more from his failures than from his successes.
 ١. يُقال دائما أن الفشل مفيد، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أكثر بكثير من نجاحاته.
 ٢. يُقال دائما أن الفشل مر، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أكثر بكثير من نجاحاته.
 ٣. يُقال دائما أن الفشل مستفيد، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أكثر بكثير من نجاحاته.
 ٤. يُقال دائما أن الفشل مفيد، فالشخص الذكي فعلا يتعلم من إخفاقاته أقل بكثير من نجاحاته.
2. Traveling abroad is not an aim in itself but it helps us communicate with other countries and peoples.
 ١. إن السفر للخارج ليس هدفا في حد ذاته، ولكنه يساعدنا على التواصل مع الشعوب الأخرى.
 ٢. إن السفر للخارج ليس هدفا في حد ذاته، ولكنه يساعدنا على التواصل مع الدول الأخرى.
 ٣. إن السفر للخارج يعتبر هدفا في حد ذاته، وقد يساعدنا على التواصل مع الدول والشعوب الأخرى.
 ٤. إن السفر للخارج ليس هدفا في حد ذاته، ولكنه يساعدنا على التواصل مع الدول والشعوب الأخرى.



3. An inclusive community makes everyone feel valued and respected. People are more willing to cooperate when they feel they belong.

- (أ) المجتمع الشامل يجعل الجميع يشعرون بالتقدير والاحترام، ويكون الناس أكثر استعداداً للتعاون عندما يشعرون بالانتماء.
 (ب) المجتمع الشامل **يتجاهل** الأفراد ويجعلهم يرفضون التعاون. ويكون الناس أكثر استعداداً للتعاون عندما يشعرون بالملكية.
 (ج) المجتمع الشامل يمنع الناس من العمل معاً. ويكون الناس أقل استعداداً للتعاون عندما لا يشعرون بالانتماء.
 (د) المجتمع الشامل **يسبب** الخلافات بين أفرادهِ. ويكون الناس أكثر استعداداً للتعاون عندما يشعرون بالانتماء.

4. Students should feel fairness by taking part in different activities. This helps prevent conflicts and arguments.

- (أ) يجب أن يُظهر الطلاب العدل من خلال **تجاهل** القواعد، مما يسبب النزاعات والصراعات أثناء ممارسة الأنشطة المختلفة.
 (ب) يجب أن يشعر الطلاب بالعدل عن طريق المشاركة أثناء الأنشطة المختلفة، مما يساعد على منع الخلافات والمشاجرات.
 (ج) **يُظهر** الطلاب العدل **بالمنافسة** القوية فقط أثناء الأنشطة المختلفة، مما يساعد على منع الخلافات والمشاجرات.
 (د) **يُظهر** الطلاب العدل **برفض المشاركة** في الأنشطة المختلفة، مما يساعد على حدوث الخلافات والمشاجرات.

- Choose the correct English translation:

١. الطموح وحده لا يكفي لذا يجب عليك بذل قصارى جهدك لتحقيق جميع أهدافك وطموحاتك في الحياة.

- a) **Ambitious** is not enough, so you must do your best to achieve all your goals and ambitions in life.
 b) Ambition is not enough, so you must **make** your best to achieve all your goals and ambitions in life.
 c) **Ambition is not enough, so you must do your best to achieve all your goals and ambitions in life.**
 d) Ambition is not enough, so you must do your best to achieve all your goals and ambitions in **live**.

٢. يجب علينا ترشيد الاستهلاك في المياه والكهرباء والطعام وذلك لمواجهة ارتفاع الأسعار.

- a) We must rationalize consumption in water, electricity and food so as to face the rise in **prizes**.
 b) **We must rationalize consumption in water, electricity and food so as to face the rise in prices.**
 c) We must **increase** consumption in water, electricity and food so as to face the rise in prices.
 d) We must **reduce** consumption in water, electricity and food so as to face the rise in prices.

٣. تسهم المشروعات القومية الكبرى التي يجري تنفيذها في كل أنحاء مصر في حل الكثير من المشكلات الاقتصادية، وتوفير فرص عمل للشباب الطامح إلى حياة أفضل.

- a. The major **international** projects that are being **implanted** throughout Egypt contribute to solving many economic problems and providing job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.
 b. The major national projects that are being implemented throughout Egypt contribute to **solve** many economic problems and provide job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.
 c. **The major national projects that are being implemented throughout Egypt contribute to solving many economic problems and providing job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.**
 d. The major **global** projects that are being implemented throughout Egypt contribute to solving many economical problems and providing job opportunities for youth aspiring to a better life.

٤. تلعب الفنون بكافة أنواعها دوراً مهماً في التعبير عن قضايا المجتمع، كما تساعدنا على الحفاظ على هويتنا الثقافية على مر الزمان.

- a. All kinds of art play a significant **rule** in expressing society issues and help us maintain our cultural identity across generators.
 b. All kinds of art play a significant **rule** in explaining societal cases and help us maintain our agricultural identical across generations.



- Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY (180) words on the following topic:

How can we be beneficial to our community?

Being beneficial to our community does not always require grand gestures; often, it is the small, consistent actions that create the most significant impact. At its core, helping a community means contributing our time, skills, and empathy to improve the lives of those around us.

One of the most effective ways to help is through volunteering. Whether it is assisting at a local food bank, mentoring younger students, or participating in a neighborhood clean-up, physical presence matters. These actions keep our shared spaces beautiful and ensure that vulnerable members of society feel supported.

Furthermore, we can be beneficial by practicing civic responsibility. This includes supporting local businesses to boost the economy and following community rules that ensure safety for everyone. Even simple acts of kindness, such as checking on an elderly neighbor or sharing resources with others, strengthen the social fabric.

In conclusion, a community thrives when its members stop acting as isolated individuals and start acting as a collective. By being proactive and compassionate, we ensure a higher quality of life for ourselves and future generations.

Assessments 2026

Week 1

Unit Seven: Caring Communities

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- All people included; creating a friendly, welcoming place means
a) aggressive b) progressive c) decisive d) inclusive
- Yesterday, I watched a documentary about theof animals in the forests and how they live together in one place.
a) version b) dimension c) diversity d) anniversary
- After reading the recipe, Maha prepared all the ingredients needed making the chocolate cake.
a) from b) in c) for d) out
- We enjoy sharing in this charity as ithelp for many disabled people.
a) offers b) pretends c) disappears d) disbelieves
- Bees always with each other to present a good example of a teamwork.
a) cooperate b) cooperative c) cooperation d) cooperatively
- If I lived in Alexandria, Ia walk along the sea every night.
a) have b) will have c) would have d) would have had
- If you have a cold,
a) should see a doctor b) see a doctor
c) don't see a doctor d) didn't see a doctor
- enough time, I'd help you with my homework.
a) Have I b) Had I c) Have I had d) Had I had
- If it weren't for his father, hethat job.
a) will get b) won't get c) wouldn't get d) would have got
- enough time, I'd have helped you with my homework yesterday.
a) Have I b) Had I c) Have I had d) Had I had
- She was over the moon when shewith us in the charity.
a) affected b) participated c) deleted d) urged



7. If the team leader had welcomed the members warmly, the team would have felt valued and included, but he

- a. hadn't b. doesn't c. didn't d. had

8. If I read in bed, I asleep. It's my habit.

- a- should fall b-fall c-will fall d-would fail

9. Iron if you leave it in the open air.

- a. rust b. will rust c. rusts d. would rust

10. If Egypt had a lot of rain, it a lot more trees .

- a-would have b-will have c-had had d-may have

-Read the following passage and then answer the questions:

Students in Egypt face numerous challenges that affect their academic and personal development. One major issue is overcrowded classrooms, particularly in public schools. It is difficult for teachers to give individual attention. Poor infrastructure, such as broken furniture and insufficient facilities, hinder learning experiences. Many students are forced to rely on expensive private tutoring to understand lessons, placing a financial burden and economic challenges on families.

Another concern is the outdated curriculum, which relies heavily on memorization rather than critical thinking and problem-solving skills. Additionally, lack of technology, as many schools lack access to computers and internet services, further hindering students' ability to compete in a modern, digital world. Students also deal with stress and mental health issues. High competition in exams, like the Thanaweya Amma, adds immense stress, as success often depends on test scores alone. Transportation is another challenge, particularly in rural areas. Long commutes can exhaust students before they even reach school.

To address these problems, reforms are needed in infrastructure, teaching methods and student support systems to ensure a more effective education system for all Egyptian students.

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c , d :

1- What is the main idea of the passage?

- a) Education in rural areas b) Difficulties faced by Egyptian students
c) Benefits of private tutoring d) Modern teaching methods

2- The underlined word "hinder" means.....

- a) boast b) boost c) prevent d) reinforce

3- How can students compete in a digital world?

- a) By using traditional teaching
b) By accessing computers and the internet
c) Through memorization techniques
d) By relying on private tutoring

4- The word " stress " in the third paragraph refers to.....

- a) Financial burdens b) Internet and computers
c) Broken furniture and poor infrastructure d) Competition in exams

5- Families have to bear more financial burdens because of the.....

- a) poor infrastructure b) critical thinking
c) broken furniture d) private tutoring

6- According to the passage, the students in the villages suffer from.....in particular.

- a) travelling long distance b) depending on private lessons
c) having overcrowded classrooms d) competing in exams



8. You mustn't drive without fastening your seatbelt. (forbidden)
-It is forbidden to drive without fastening your seatbelt.
9. You should have a healthy diet. (If)
-If I were you, I would have a healthy diet.
10. It's necessary for students not to waste their time. (mustn't)
-Students mustn't waste their time.
11. It's necessary to renew your passport. (have to)
-You have to renew your passport.
12. You mustn't ignore school rules. (forbidden)
-It is forbidden to ignore school rules.
13. Is it necessary for them to come at 5 o'clock? (Do....?)
-Do they have to come at 5 o'clock?
14. You had to attend the meeting yesterday. (necessary)
-It was necessary for you to attend the meeting yesterday.
15. She regretted refusing the new job. (should)
-She should have accepted the new job.

Week 4

Unit Eight: Creating a better community

- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d.:

1. Goodalways needs respect and harmony
a. fight b. communication c. dispute d. challenge
- 2is the first step to discovery.
a. Habit b. Gathering c. Duty d. Curiosity
3. The phrase "No mountain is too high" means.....
a. people can overcome challenges b. climbing is dangerous
c. teamwork is impossible d. nature is powerful
4. The ability to continue despite difficulties is known as
a. enthusiasm b. innovation c. persistence d. teamwork
5. Her for learning new things inspired everyone in the class.
a. enthusiasm b. obstacles c. cooperation d. recycling
6. A is someone who works to make positive differences in society.
a) Change Maker b) Policy Maker c) Game Changer d) Play Maker
7. What should the title of a campaign poster ideally be?
a. Unrelated to the topic b. Long and complicated
c. Clear and powerful d. Funny and lovely
8. Practicing different activities helps you improve your
a) violence b) obstacles c) skills d) enthusiasm
9. Everyone faces ...when trying to reach their goals. They should overcome them.
a) obstacles b) cooperation c) recycling d) awareness
10. Success often requires hard work, patience, and
a) perseverance b) separation c) equality d) obstacles

- Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

الماء أصل الحياة لذا يجب أن نحافظ على كل قطرة ماء . فلا تفسد البيئة بتلويث مياه النيل -

1. **Life** is the source of water. We should save every drop of it; so don't spoil the environment by polluting the water of the **Nile**.
2. Water is the origin of life. We should keep water and protect the environment by not polluting the water of Nile.



10. Sara work very hard at university to achieve her goals.
a) might b) must c) can d) had to
11. Protecting the environment starts with recycling and raising
a) awareness b) creativity c) permission d) skill
12. They finished the project faster because of good
a. obstacles b. teamwork c. quarrels d. household
13. means eagerness and lively interest or enjoyment in doing something.
a. Enthusiasm b. Innovation c. Negligence d. Separation
14. They test the app carefully before releasing it to users.
a) must b) can c) might d) should
15. We wait for permission to start a good project - just begin!
a) must b) don't have to c) might d) should

Week 5

Unit Nine: When Art Speaks

- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d :

1. Showing care and kindness toward others is called
a. cruelty b. violence c. compassion d. admiration
2. Her kind made everyone feel welcome and comfortable in the classroom.
a. noise b. gesture c. punishment d. delay
3. The teacher's story was very and motivated students to think creatively.
a) boring b) confusing c) inspiring d) dull
4. It is a family to gather together for dinner every Friday.
a. tradition b. costume c. argument d. accident
5. The city's looked beautiful at sunset with all the tall buildings lit up.
a. forest b. garden c. ocean d. skyline
6. I enjoy hearing Arabic music, and most of the food here really good !
a. is tasted b. is tasting c. tasting d. tastes.
7. Most scientists that the world is getting hotter.
a. are thinking b. are thought c. think d. thinks
8. Nada's little sister very helpful today. That's nice!
a. is b. is being c. had been d. will be
9. We are having lunch now. The verb "have" here is a verb showing.
a. order b. sense c. action d. command
10. I a little boy in the room. He is sleeping on the sofa.
a. am seeing b. saw c. can see d. had seen

- Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

My brother and I were invited to spend a few days' holiday with our uncle who had re-turned from abroad. He had rented a cottage in the country, although he rarely spent much time there. We understood the reason for this after our arrival: the cottage had no good fur-niture in it, many of the windows were broken and the roof leaked, making the whole house damp. On our first evening, we sat around the fire after supper listening to the stories, which our uncle had to tell of his many adventures in distant countries. I was so tired after the long train journey that I would have preferred to go to bed; but I couldn't bear to miss any of my uncle's exciting tales. He was in the middle of describing a terrifying experience he had once had when his small sailing boat was carried out to sea in a storm and there



11. Zeinab thinks the homework is difficult. (seems)
 - The homework seems difficult to Zeinab.
12. He is nervous these days. (being)
 - He is being nervous these days.
13. The box weighs five kilograms. (weight)
 - The weight of the box is five kilograms.
14. There are two rooms in Ali's house. (contain)
 - Ali's house contains two rooms.
15. I prefer drinking tea to coffee. (better than)
 - I like drinking tea better than coffee.

Week 6

Unit Nine: When Art Speaks

- Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Teachers in primary schools often treat the children with compassion.
 The synonyms of the word "compassion" are
 a) joy b) sorrow c) sympathy d) empathy e) stress
2. We cannot see some insects; they are really invisible. The opposites of "invisible" are
 a) noticeable b) visible c) clean d) hidden e) puzzling
3. Our English teacher asked me to gather all the notebooks. Other words for the word "gather" are
 a) assemble b) separate c) collect d) scatter e) refuse
4. Many countries have different traditions concerning the beginning of the spring.
 The antonyms of the word "tradition" are
 a) invitation b) possibility c) innovation d) modernity e) competition
5. Many parents are inspiring to their students. The word "inspiring" here means ..
 a) discouraging b) motivated c) confusing d) encouraging e) motivating
- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d :**
6. The outline of buildings seen against the sky is caked a/an
 a) deadline b) skyline c) operation d) employee
7. It was something terrible when the fansthe pitch after the match yesterday.
 a) invented b) avoided c) neglected d) invaded
8. During the wedding her father tried to hide his
 a) emotions b) victims c) diaries d) motions
9. Don't be serious all the time. Sometimes, we need some flashes of
 a) amazement b) stress c) humor d) sorrow
10. That big farm was passedfrom my grandfather to my father and my uncle.
 a) into b) down c) up d) about
11. I was thirsty, so my mother gave me a glass cold water.
 a) is containing b) contains c) contain d) containing
12. The old man..... 3 kilos of rice now.
 a) weigh b) weighs c) is weighing d) weighing
13. Whatof the English novel this year?
 a) are you thinking b) you are thinking c) do you think d) were you thinking
14. My father has bought a new blanket. It really soft.
 a) feels b) feel c) is feeling d) are feeling



15. Sameh used to have a small house, but now he a bigger one.
a) had b) is having c) having d) has
16. A/An means movement of hands or body used to express meaning.
a) interview b) skyline c) passion d) gesture
17. We will play football at tomorrow. Would you like to join?
a) up b) down c) in d) out
18. The bag of rice in the kitchen 5 kilograms.
a) weigh b) weighs c) is weighing d) weighing
19. Whatabout now?
a) are you thinking b) you are thinking c) do you think d) you think
20. We should help him as he difficulties with his project now.
a) is having b) has c) has had d) was having
21. Ali used totales to get away from his father's punishment
a) invent b) invite c) disappoint d) discourage
22. Diseases turn into pandemics when they spreadmany parts of the world.
a) of b) down c) in d) to
23. Many great projects havemore attention to Egypt recently.
a) attracted b) attacked c) distracted d) compared
24. Samehlunch with his family now.
a) have b) has c) is having d) have had
25. This documentary exciting! You should watch it!
a) is sounding b) sounds c) sound d) is sound
26. means showing care for others.
a) Extension b) Compassion c) Division d) Mission
27. It's known in many countries that pigeonspeace.
a) fights b) hate c) symbolize d) hinder
28. She has a bad headache as she ranrevising for five hours.
a) to b) down c) on d) off
29. This juice nice. Would you like some?
a) taste b) tastes c) is tasting d) is being tasted
30. The flower you gave ten minutes agovery good.
a) smells b) is smelling c) was smelling d) isn't smelling

Week 7

Review Three

- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d :

1. Our school tries to create an environment where all students feel respected .
a. careless b. narrow c. inclusive d. selfish
2. The wise manager treats all employees with and respect .
a. cruelty b. fairness c. laziness d. pride
3. If the money he hadenough , he would have bought the car.
a-had b-been c-had been d-were
4. Learning a new language requires time and.....
a. persistence b. boredom c. translation d. negligence
5. Youbelieve in yourself if you want to make a difference in technology.
a. don't have to b. mustn't c. must d. need



5. Why did Phileas Fogg say that saving a life was worth more than time?

- He believed that saving a life was a moral duty that was much more important than winning a bet.

Around The World in 80 Days Chapter 8 in points

Deception and Departure: Hong Kong and Yokohama

"تضليل وارتحال: هونغ كونغ ويوكوهاما"

The steamship Rangoon carried Phileas Fogg, Aouda, Passepartout, and Fix across the Bay of Bengal toward the South China Sea .

حملت السفينة البخارية "رانغون" فيلياس فوج، وأودا، وباسبارتوت، وفيكس عبر خليج البنغال باتجاه بحر الصين الجنوبي.

From the moment Fogg and his companions left Calcutta, Fogg knew he had lost exactly two days .

منذ اللحظة التي غادر فيها فوج ورفاقه كلكتا، عرف فوج أنه خسر يومين بالضبط.

Aouda was impressed by Fogg's calmness and sense of duty.

أعجبت أودا بهدوء فوج وشعوره بالواجب.

Near the Strait of Malacca, rough monsoon weather struck, and the Rangoon was not one of the fast mail steamers that Fogg preferred

. بالقرب من مضيق ملقا، ضربت رياح موسمية عاتية، ولم تكن "رانغون" من سفن البريد البخارية السريعة التي يفضلها فوج.

By the time the travelers passed Singapore, they were already a day behind schedule.

بحلول الوقت الذي مر فيه المسافرين بسنغافورة، كانوا قد تأخروا بالفعل يوماً كاملاً عن جدولهم الزمني.

Fogg and his companions reached Hong Kong on November 6, one day later than planned.

وصل فوج ورفاقه إلى هونغ كونغ في السادس من نوفمبر، أي متأخرين يوماً واحداً عما كان مخططاً له.

Fogg's first concern was Aouda's safety, but Passepartout discovered that her cousin had moved to Holland.

كان اهتمام فوج الأول هو سلامة أودا، لكن باسبارتوت اكتشف أن ابن عمها قد انتقل إلى هولندا.

Fogg decided that they would continue to Europe together, and Aouda became a permanent member of the journey.

قرر فوج أن يواصلوا الرحلة إلى أوروبا معاً، وأصبحت أودا عضواً دائماً في الرحلة.

Fogg learned that the Carnatic had sailed earlier, and he had only 24 hours to find another way .

علم فوج أن السفينة "كارناتيك" قد أبحرت مبكراً، ولم يكن أمامه سوى ٢٤ ساعة للعثور على وسيلة أخرى.

Detective Fix revealed his identity, accused Fogg, and put medicine in Passepartout's cup of tea to stop him from warning Fogg.

كشف المحقق فيكس عن هويته، واتهم فوج، ووضع مخدراً في كوب شاي باسبارتوت لمنع من تحذير فوج.

Fogg found the schooner Tankadere and made a dangerous proposal to reach Shanghai on time .

عثر فوج على السفينة الشراعية "تانكادير" وقدم عرضاً خطيراً للوصول إلى شنغهاي في الوقت المحدد.

At 8:00 p.m., Fogg and Aouda boarded the Tankadere, while Fix joined them urgently .

في الساعة الثامنة مساءً، صعد فوج وأودا على متن "تانكادير"، بينما انضم فيكس إليهم بشكل عاجل.



Passepartout became a stowaway on the Carnatic, while the Tankadere fought through storms .

أصبح باسبارتوت مسافراً متسللاً على متن "كارناتيك"، بينما كانت "تانكادير" تصارع العواصف. Fogg fired the cannon to send an emergency signal, paid a generous bonus, and later reunited with Passepartout in Yokohama before sailing to San Francisco .

أطلق فوج المدفع لإرسال إشارة طوارئ. ودفع مكافأة سخية. ثم التقى لاحقاً بباسبارتوت في يوكوهاما قبل الإبحار إلى سان فرانسيسكو.

In Yokohama, Passepartout had joined a troupe of Japanese acrobats during a practice session to survive .

في يوكوهاما، كان باسبارتوت قد انضم إلى فرقة من البهلوانيين اليابانيين خلال جلسة تدريب من أجل البقاء على قيد الحياة.

After being released from his contract, Passepartout confessed that Fix was a detective. بعد تحرره من عقده، اعترف باسبارتوت بأن فيكس كان محققاً.

Chapter 8

Student`s Book Exercises أسئلة كتاب المدرسة بالإجابات النموذجية

1. Why did Phileas Fogg feel responsible for Aouda?
- because he had saved her life and could not leave her in danger. He felt it was his duty to take her to a secure place.
2. Why was missing the Carnatic a serious problem?
- because it was the only ship that could get Fogg to Japan in time to catch his next boat to America.
3. Why did Passepartout panic when they missed the Carnatic, while Phileas Fogg remained calm and controlled?
- Passepartout panicked because he felt guilty for being tricked by Detective Fix and feared the delay would ruin the bet. - Fogg remained calm because he believed that worrying was a waste of time and that he could always find a logical solution to any problem.
4. Why did Phileas Fogg reward John Bunsby generously?
- because the captain risked his life and his small boat, the Tankadere, to sail through a dangerous storm to get Fogg to his destination.
5. Why do you think Passepartout joined the acrobats?
- Passepartout joined the acrobats because he was starving and needed money for food after being separated from Fogg.

CHAPTER NINE IN POINTS

1. The American mail steamer General Grant departed from Yokohama heading directly across the Pacific Ocean toward San Francisco.
غادرت باخرة البريد الأمريكية "الجنرال غرانت" من يوكوهاما متجهة مباشرة عبر المحيط الهادئ نحو سان فرانسيسكو.
2. The twenty-two-day crossing had been carefully factored into Phileas Fogg's schedule.
كانت رحلة العبور التي تستغرق اثنين وعشرين يوماً قد وُضعت بدقة في الحسبان ضمن جدول فيلياس فوغ الزمني.
3. According to his plan, Phileas Fogg was due to arrive on December 2nd.
وفقاً لخطة، كان من المقرر أن يصل فيلياس فوغ في الثاني من ديسمبر.
4. Fogg received the valet's confession about Fix's identity with the same unshakable calm he applied to all crises.
تلقى فوغ اعتراف خادمه بشأن هوية "فيكس" بنفس الهدوء الراسخ الذي يواجه به جميع الأزمات.



لم ينبهر "فوج" بالمدينة لأن تركيزه كان منصّباً بالكامل على هدف واحد فقط، وهو الوصول إلى محطة القطار للحفاظ على جدولته الزمني.

2. Explain why Detective Fix decided to aid Fogg in speeding up the journey across the Pacific.

اشرح لماذا قرر المحقق "فيكس" مساعدة "فوج" في تسريع الرحلة عبر المحيط الهادئ.

- Fix aided Fogg because his British warrant was not valid in America, so he needed Fogg to reach British soil as quickly as possible to make an arrest.

قرر "فيكس" مساعدته لأن مذكرة الاعتقال البريطانية التي بحوزته لا قيمة لها في أمريكا، لذا كان يحتاج للوصول "فوج" إلى الأراضي البريطانية في أسرع وقت ممكن ليتمكن من القبض عليه.

3. How does Fix's change of strategy reflect irony?

كيف يعكس تغير استراتيجيته "فيكس" نوعاً من السخرية (المفارقة)؟

- It is ironic because the man whose mission was to stop and imprison Fogg became the one most desperate for Fogg to succeed and travel faster.

تكمن السخرية في أن الشخص الذي كانت مهمته الأساسية هي إيقاف "فوج" وسجنه، أصبح هو أكثر الأشخاص حرصاً على نجاح "فوج" وسرعة سفره.

4. What does Fogg's diary (log) symbolize in this chapter?

ماذا ترمز مذكرات (سجل) "فوج" في هذا الفصل؟

- The diary symbolizes Fogg's obsession with time, order, and logic, even as he unknowingly fails to account for the reality of the International Date Line.

ترمز المذكرات إلى هوس "فوج" بالوقت والنظام والمنطق، حتى وهو يغفل تماماً عن الحقيقة الجغرافية لـ "خط التاريخ الدولي" التي غيرت حساباته.

- Answer the following questions.

1. Why do you think Phileas Fogg stayed calm during the arrest instead of arguing?

- He was naturally disciplined and believed arguing would be a waste of time and energy.

2. In your opinion, why did Phileas Fogg stay calm despite losing time?

- He was a logical man who had calculated for delays and viewed the journey as a mathematical challenge.

3. Why was the whale incident especially stressful for Fix?

- It threatened to delay the ship, making him lose the chance to arrest Fogg on British soil.

حمل الآن

مجاناً وحصرياً

المراجعة رقم (4)

اختبار شهر مارس



تقييمات : الأسبوع الأول

Unit (7) Caring Communities

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- All people included; creating a friendly, welcoming place means
 a) aggressive b) progressive c) decisive d) inclusive
- Yesterday, I watched a documentary about the of animals in the forests and how they live together in one place.
 a) version b) dimension c) diversity d) anniversary
- After reading the recipe, Maha prepared all the ingredients needed making the chocolate cake.
 a) from b) in c) for d) out
- We enjoy sharing in this charity as it help for many disabled people.
 a) offers b) pretends c) disappears d) disbelieves
- Bees always with each other to present a good example of a teamwork.
 a) cooperate b) cooperative c) cooperation d) cooperatively
- If I lived in Alexandria, I a walk along the sea every night.
 a) have b) will have c) would have d) would have had
- If you have a cold,
 a) should see a doctor b) see a doctor
 c) don't see a doctor d) didn't see a doctor
- enough time, I'd help you with my homework.
 a) Have I b) Had I c) Have I had d) Had I had
- If it weren't for his father, he that job.
 a) will get b) won't get c) wouldn't get d) would have got
- enough time, I'd have helped you with my homework yesterday.
 a) Have I b) Had I c) Have I had d) Had I had

Write an essay of about (180) words on the following topic:

How can we be beneficial to our community?

Group (A)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- She was over the moon when she with us in the charity.
 a) affected b) participated c) deleted d) urged
- You cannot deny that you were unhappy when you were left despite your mistakes.
 a) of b) in c) up d) out

3. Treating everyone justly and equally means
 a) intelligence b) fairness c) bitterness d) forgiveness
4.she to come, she would enjoy nice time.
 a) Were b) Had c) Should d) Could
5. Take your lunch box with you to the club you are hungry.
 a) unless b) without c) in case d) should

Group (B)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. We all didn't expect him to be in the main team. It was surprising!
 a) included b) forgiven c) pretended d) recycled
2. By the end each chapter of the novel, we have to do a review on it.
 a) of b) on c) in d) for
3. All the candidates should bethe same chance to be able to choose the best.
 a) divided b) excluded c) got d) given
4. Would you join that club if you enough time?
 a) have b) had c) had had d) were having
5. If he hadn't done his homework on time, he would
 a) be punished b) have punished
 c) punish d) have been punished

Group (C)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. To is to make someone or something part of a group or total.
 a) include b) explode c) fight d) operate
2. He is so and ambitious that he can come first easily.
 a) intolerant b) unintelligent c) urgent d) confident
3. Winning this international championship needs to more great efforts.
 a) forget b) ignore c) conceal d) make
4. If you enough time, would you like to come to the cinema with us?
 a) have b) had c) had had d) were having
5. they finish their task, they won't call you.
 a) Were b) Unless c) Could d) Had

تقييمات : الأسبوع الثاني

Unit (1) Caring Communities

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- The new park was built to improve the quality of life for the of the area.
a) criminals b) athletes c) residents d) traders
- are people who help two sides solve a disagreement.
a) Teachers b) Mediators c) Volunteers d) Bakers.
- Noha couldn't the pressure of the final exam and felt very nervous.
a) avoid b) forget c) control d) handle
- He agreed to the responsibility of leading the school project.
a) put off b) take on c) get over d) look for
- Many can happen when people have different opinions and refuse to listen to each other.
a) chances b) solutions c) conflicts d) meetings
- Family are common during holidays and special celebrations.
a) fights b) gatherings c) duties d) arguments
- If the team leader had welcomed the members warmly, the team would have felt valued and included, but he
a) hadn't b) doesn't c) didn't d) had
- If I read in bed, I asleep. It's my habit.
a) should fall b) fall c) will fall d) would fail
- Iron if you leave it in the open air.
a) rust b) will rust c) rusts d) would rust
- If Egypt had a lot of rain, it a lot more trees.
a) would have b) will have c) had had d) may have

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

Students in Egypt face numerous challenges that affect their academic and personal development. One major issue is overcrowded classrooms, particularly in public schools. It is difficult for teachers to give individual attention. Poor infrastructure, such as broken furniture and insufficient facilities, hinder learning experiences. Many students are forced to rely on expensive private tutoring to understand lessons, placing a financial burden and economic challenges on families.

Another concern is the outdated curriculum, which relies heavily on memorization rather than critical thinking and problem-solving skills. Additionally, lack of technology, as many schools lack access to computers and internet services, further hindering students' ability to compete in a modern, digital world.

Students also deal with stress and mental health issues. High competition in exams, like the Thanaweya Amma, adds immense stress, as success often depends on test scores alone. Transportation is another challenge, particularly in rural areas. Long commutes can exhaust students before they even reach school.

To address these problems, reforms are needed in infrastructure, teaching methods and student support systems to ensure a more effective education system for all Egyptian students.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d:

1. What is the main idea of the passage?

a) Education in rural areas	b) Difficulties faced by Egyptian students
c) Benefits of private tutoring	d) Modern teaching methods
2. The underlined word "hinder" means

a) boast	b) boost	c) prevent	d) reinforce
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3. How can students compete in a digital world?

a) By using traditional teaching	b) By accessing computers and the internet
c) Through memorization techniques	d) By relying on private tutoring
4. The word "stress" in the third paragraph refers to

a) Financial burdens	b) Internet and computers
c) Broken furniture and poor infrastructure	d) Competition in exams
5. Families have to bear more financial burdens because of the

a) poor infrastructure	b) critical thinking
c) broken furniture	d) private tutoring
6. According to the passage, the students in the villages suffer from in particular.

a) travelling long distance	b) depending on private lessons
c) having overcrowded classrooms	d) competing in exams
7. The best summary of the second paragraph is

a) We need new curricula and more technology	b) Teaching depends on memorization
c) Schools lack technology	d) Teach students problem-solving skills

Group (A)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Our helped us carry the heavy boxes into the house.

a) strangers	b) neighbors	c) teachers	d) tourists
--------------	--------------	-------------	-------------
2. During the lesson, students to answer the questions.

a) take turns	b) run quickly	c) wait silently	d) jump together
---------------	----------------	------------------	------------------
3. I would have that mobile if I enough money.

a) had had	b) had	c) have had	d) would have
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Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. They had a because no one explained the instructions clearly.
a) confusion b) misunderstanding c) agreement d) friendship e) plan
2. After the match, they argue over the referee's call. "Argue over" here can be replaced by
a) dispute b) quarreled over c) agree on d) reconcile e) cooperate

Group (B)**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

1. Many cultural are held in the city every year to celebrate traditions.
a) disagreements b) events c) tasks d) duties
2. Reading books and listening to experienced people can help you wisdom.
a) lose b) gain c) forget d) waste
3. Adel that phone if it hadn't been so expensive.
a) might buy b) might have bought c) will have bought d) had bought

Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Students should show fairness during group activities. The opposite of fairness is
a) treating people equally b) winning every time
c) injustice d) honesty e) unfairness
2. "Volunteers helped resolve the conflict peacefully." The synonym of resolve is
a) solve b) settle c) create d) ignore e) worsen

Group (C)**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

1. The principal will the students about the new school rules tomorrow.
a) ignore b) address c) forget d) escape
2. During the meeting, each engineer was asked to a solution to the problem.
a) do b) suggest c) deny d) celebrate
3. If you red and green paint, you get brown paint.
a) mixed b) will mix c) had mixed d) mix

Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Inclusive communities help everyone feel valued. The antonym of "valued" is
a) respected b) appreciated c) hated d) worthless e) important
2. "An inclusive society accepts diversity." "Inclusive" here can be replaced by
a) selfish b) included c) unfair d) welcoming e) shy

تقييمات : الأسبوع الثالث

Unit (8) Creating a better community

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- means creating new ideas or solutions.
a) Innovation b) Determination c) Interpretation d) Operation
- Life Initiative supports poor families.
a) Determination b) Present c) Decent d) Presentation
- Parents should increase their children's of the bad effects of taking drugs.
a) case b) law c) preparation d) awareness
- Don't let your work pile day after day. It's better to be always ready for it.
a) into b) onto c) up d) down
- His father often supports him when any difficulties in life.
a) facing b) ignoring c) disappearing d) believing
- You buy any bread, Hamza. I have bought it.
a) mustn't b) needn't c) should d) have to
- Friends help each other in need.
a) needn't b) have c) don't have to d) should
- My mother is preparing lunch. You join her.
a) don't need to b) shouldn't c) must to d) had to
- It's illegal to park here. You park here.
a) mustn't b) needn't c) have to d) should
- She leave her work early as her husband was ill.
a) had to b) must c) shouldn't d) needn't

Answer the following questions:

- Why do you think Passepartout joined the acrobats?
-
- Why was missing the Carantic a serious problem?
-
- Why did Phileas Fogg reward John Bunsby generously?
-
- Do you think the storm was both a danger and a hope? Why / Why not?
-
- Why did Phileas Fogg feel responsible for Aouda?
-

Group (A)

Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. It's forbidden to drive a car without a driving licence. (must)
-
2. Drivers must follow traffic rules. (necessity)
-
3. It's a good idea to help with the housework. (should)
-
4. You shouldn't stay up late. (inadvisable)
-
5. It's a must for Adham to take the medicine on time. (has to)
-

Group (B)

Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. They needn't wash their car again. (don't)
-
2. It's necessary for me to come on time. (must)
-
3. You mustn't drive without fastening your seatbelt. (forbidden)
-
4. You should have a healthy diet. (If)
-
5. It's necessary for students not to waste their time. (mustn't)
-

Group (C)

Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. It's necessary to renew your passport. (have to)
-
2. You mustn't ignore school rules. (forbidden)
-
3. Is it necessary for them to come at 5 o'clock? (Do....?)
-
4. You had to attend the meeting yesterday. (necessary)
-
5. She regretted refusing the new job. (should)
-

تقييمات : الأسبوع الرابع

Unit (8) Creating a better community

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- Goodalways needs respect and harmony.
a) fight b) communication c) dispute d) challenge
- is the first step to discovery.
a) Habit b) Gathering c) Duty d) Curiosity
- The phrase "No mountain is too high" means
a) people can overcome challenges b) climbing is dangerous
c) teamwork is impossible d) nature is powerful
- The ability to continue despite difficulties is known as
a) enthusiasm b) innovation c) persistence d) teamwork
- Her for learning new things inspired everyone in the class.
a) enthusiasm b) obstacles c) cooperation d) recycling
- A is someone who works to make positive differences in society.
a) Change Maker b) Policy Maker c) Game Changer d) Play Maker
- What should the title of a campaign poster ideally be?
a) Unrelated to the topic b) Long and complicated
c) Clear and powerful d) Funny and lovely
- Practicing different activities helps you improve your
a) violence b) obstacles c) skills d) enthusiasm
- Everyone faceswhen trying to reach their goals. They should overcome them.
a) obstacles b) cooperation c) recycling d) awareness
- Success often requires hard work, patience, and
a) perseverance b) separation c) equality d) obstacles

Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

١. الماء أصل الحياة لذا يجب أن نحافظ على كل قطرة ماء فلا تفسد البيئة بتلويث مياه النيل.

- Life is the source of water. We should save every drop of it; so don't spoil the environment by polluting the water of the Nile.
- Water is the origin of life. We should keep water and protect the environment by not polluting the water of Nile.
- Water is the source of life. We must keep every drop of it; so we should protect environment by not polluting the water of the Nile.
- Water is the origin of life. We should keep every drop of it; so don't spoil the environment by polluting the water of the Nile.

٢. الاحتباس الحراري هو الزيادة في درجة الحرارة في النظام المناخي للأرض. فهو مظهر رئيسي للتغير المناخي.

- Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's climate system. It is a major aspect of climate change.
- Global warming is the long-term rise in the average temperature of the Earth's climate system. It is a major aspect of climate change.
- Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's climate system. It is a minor aspect of climate change.
- Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's weather system. It is a major aspect of climate change.

Choose the correct English Arabic from a, b, c or d:

- We should bring up children in good manners to be good citizens So they will be able to achieve progress and development.

- يجب علينا ان نربي الاطفال على الاخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتعليم.
- ينبغي علينا ان لا نربي الاطفال على الاخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية.
- يجب علينا ان نربي الاطفال على الاخلاق الجيدة حتي لا يكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية.
- ينبغي علينا ان نربي اطفالنا على الاخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية.

- Most people agree that there is no place like home. It is more than just a place to stay in, it is part one's life and personality.

- يتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل الوطن. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- يتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- يتفق معظم الناس أنه يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- اتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.

Group (A)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- It's better to work and play to stay focused.
 - separate
 - cooperate
 - join
 - make
- Designing new ideas for a project needs a lot of
 - recycling
 - violence
 - awareness
 - creativity
- Anything that prevents progress is a / an
 - teamwork
 - enthusiasm
 - obstacle
 - change-maker
- I can hear you well. You shout.
 - are not permitted
 - are prohibited
 - aren't allowed
 - don't have to
- Students work together to achieve common goals.
 - must
 - shouldn't
 - can't
 - don't have to

Group (B)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Group projects are easier when there is good among members.
a) eagerness b) enthusiasm c) recognition d) cooperation
2. thinking helps people solve problems in unique and original ways.
a) Creative b) Destructive c) Separate d) Recycling
3. means creating new ideas or solutions.
a) Campaign b) Innovation c) Note-taking d) Funding
4. Students respect others to build a caring community.
a) can't b) shouldn't c) must d) don't have to
5. Sara work very hard at university to achieve her goals.
a) might b) must c) can d) had to

Group (C)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Protecting the environment starts with recycling and raising
a) awareness b) creativity c) permission d) skill
2. They finished the project faster because of good
a) obstacles b) teamwork c) quarrels d) household
3. means eagerness and lively interest or enjoyment in doing something.
a) Enthusiasm b) Innovation c) Negligence d) Separation
4. They test the app carefully before releasing it to users.
a) must b) can c) might d) should
5. We wait for permission to start a good project - just begin!
a) must b) don't have to c) might d) should

تقييمات : الأسبوع الخامس

Unit (9) When Art Speaks

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- Showing care and kindness toward others is called
 a) cruelty b) violence c) compassion d) admiration
- Her kind made everyone feel welcome and comfortable in the classroom.
 a) noise b) gesture c) punishment d) delay
- The teacher's story was very and motivated students to think creatively.
 a) boring b) confusing c) inspiring d) dull
- It is a family to gather together for dinner every Friday.
 a) tradition b) costume c) argument d) accident
- The city's looked beautiful at sunset with all the tall buildings lit up.
 a) forest b) garden c) ocean d) skyline
- I enjoy hearing Arabic music, and most of the food here really good!
 a) is tasted b) is tasting c) tasting d) tastes.
- Most scientists that the world is getting hotter.
 a) are thinking b) are thought c) think d) thinks
- Nada's little sister very helpful today. That's nice!
 a) is b) is being c) had been d) will be
- We are having lunch now. The verb "have" here is a / anverb.
 a) order b) sense c) action d) command
- I a little boy in the room. He is sleeping on the sofa.
 a) am seeing b) saw c) can see d) had seen

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

My brother and I were invited to spend a few days' holiday with our uncle who had returned from abroad. He had rented a cottage in the country, although he rarely spent much time there. We understood the reason for this after our arrival: the cottage had no good furniture in it, many of the windows were broken and the roof leaked, making the whole house damp. On our first evening, we sat around the fire after supper listening to the stories, which our uncle had to tell of his many adventures in distant countries. I was so tired after the long train journey that I would have preferred to go to bed; but I couldn't bear to miss any of my uncle's exciting tales. He was in the middle of describing a terrifying experience he had once had when his small sailing boat was carried out to sea in a storm and there was a loud crash from the bedroom above, the one where my brother and I were going to sleep. "It sounds as if the roof has fallen in," exclaimed my uncle, with a loud laugh. When we got to the top of the stairs and opened the bedroom door, we could see nothing at first because

of the thick clouds of dust, which filled the room. When the dust began to clear, a strange sight met our eyes. A large part of the ceiling had collapsed, falling right onto the pillow of my bed. I was lucky that I had stayed up late to listen to my uncle's stories. We left for London the next morning and my uncle gave up his cottage in the country. This was not the kind of adventure he cared for either!

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The writer was so tired that he

a) went to bed soon	b) left the place soon
c) wished to be sleeping	d) promised not to come again
2. The writer's uncle was interested in

a) stories	b) adventure	c) drawing	d) sailing
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3. The underlined word "He" refers to

a) the writer	b) the writer's uncle
c) the writer's brother	d) the reader
4. The underlined word "collapsed" means was

a) built	b) damaged	c) restored	d) called
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5. The writer and his uncle their adventure at the cottage.

a) admired	b) adored	c) hated	d) praised
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6. The cottage was owned by

a) the writer's uncle	b) the writer's brother
c) the writer himself	d) someone else
7. The cottage was a/an place to stay in.

a) luxurious	b) uncomfortable	c) splendid	d) invaluable
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Group (A)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Amal doesn't own this tablet. (belong)
-
2. He is behaving strangely today. (being)
-
3. Fresh food is delicious (tastes)
-
4. My bag has five books. (There.....)
-
5. The red bag is Nada's (owns)
-

Group (B)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. My father doesn't like eating pizza. (enjoys)
-
2. Ola is the owner of the house. (belongs)
-
3. Ali's car has a nice smell. (smells)
-
4. Ali likes playing football better than watching it. (prefers)
-
5. I think this answer is correct. (seems)
-

Group (C)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Zeinab thinks the homework is difficult. (seems)
-
2. He is nervous these days. (being)
-
3. The box weighs five kilograms. (weight)
-
4. There are two rooms in Ali's house. (contains)
-
5. I prefer drinking tea to coffee. (better than)
-

تقييمات : الأسبوع السادس

Unit (9) When Art Speaks

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- The outline of buildings seen against the sky is caked a/an
a) deadline b) skyline c) operation d) employee
- It was something terrible when the fans the pitch after the match yesterday.
a) invented b) avoided c) neglected d) invaded
- During the wedding, her father tried to hide his
a) emotions b) victims c) diaries d) motions
- Don't be serious all the time. Sometimes, we need some flashes of
a) amazement b) stress c) humor d) sorrow
- That big farm was passed from my grandfather to my father and my uncle.
a) into b) down c) up d) about
- I was thirsty, so my mother gave me a glass cold water.
a) is containing b) contains c) contain d) containing
- The old man 3 kilos of rice now.
a) weigh b) weighs c) is weighing d) weighing
- What of the English novel this year?
a) are you thinking b) you are thinking c) do you think d) were you thinking
- My father has bought a new blanket. It really soft.
a) feels b) feel c) is feeling d) are feeling
- Sameh used to have a small house, but now he a bigger one.
a) had b) is having c) having d) has

Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

- Teachers in primary schools often treat the children with compassion. The synonyms of the word "compassion" are
a) joy b) sorrow c) sympathy d) empathy e) stress
- We cannot see some insects; they are really invisible. The opposites of "invisible" are
a) noticeable b) visible c) clean d) hidden e) puzzling
- Our English teacher asked me to gather all the notebooks. Other words for the word "gather" are
a) assemble b) separate c) collect d) scatter e) refuse
- Many countries have different traditions concerning the beginning of the spring. The antonyms of the word "tradition" are
a) invitation b) possibility c) innovation d) modernity e) competition
- Many parents are inspiring to their students. The word "inspiring" here means
a) confusing b) motivated c) discouraging d) encouraging e) motivating

Group (A)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. A/An means movement of hands or body used to express meaning.
a) interview b) skyline c) passion d) gesture
2. We will play football at tomorrow. Would you like to join?
a) up b) down c) in d) out
3. The bag of rice in the kitchen 5 kilograms.
a) weigh b) weighs c) is weighing d) weighing
4. What about now?
a) are you thinking b) you are thinking c) do you think d) you think
5. We should help him as he difficulties with his project now.
a) is having b) has c) has had d) was having

Group (B)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Ali used to tales to get away from his father's punishment.
a) invent b) invite c) disappoint d) discourage
2. Diseases turn into pandemics when they spread many parts of the world.
a) of b) down c) in d) to
3. Many great projects have more attention to Egypt recently.
a) attracted b) attacked c) distracted d) compared
4. Sameh lunch with his family now.
a) have b) has c) is having d) have had
5. This documentary exciting! You should watch it!
a) is sounding b) sounds c) sound d) is sound

Group (C)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. means showing care for others.
a) Extension b) Compassion c) Division d) Mission
2. It's known in many countries that pigeons peace.
a) fights b) hate c) symbolize d) hinder
3. She has a bad headache as she ran revising for five hours.
a) to b) down c) on d) off
4. This juice nice. Would you like some?
a) taste b) tastes c) is tasting d) is being tasted
5. The flower you gave ten minutes ago very good.
a) smells b) is smelling c) was smelling d) isn't smelling

تقييمات : الأسبوع الأول

Unit (7) Caring Communities

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- All people included; creating a friendly, welcoming place means
 a) aggressive b) progressive c) decisive d) **inclusive**
- Yesterday, I watched a documentary about the of animals in the forests and how they live together in one place.
 a) version b) dimension c) **diversity** d) anniversary
- After reading the recipe, Maha prepared all the ingredients needed making the chocolate cake.
 a) from b) in c) **for** d) out
- We enjoy sharing in this charity as it help for many disabled people.
 a) **offers** b) pretends c) disappears d) disbelieves
- Bees always with each other to present a good example of a teamwork.
 a) **cooperate** b) cooperative c) cooperation d) cooperatively
- If I lived in Alexandria, I a walk along the sea every night.
 a) have b) will have c) **would have** d) would have had
- If you have a cold,
 a) should see a doctor b) **see a doctor**
 c) don't see a doctor d) didn't see a doctor
- enough time, I'd help you with my homework.
 a) Have I b) **Had I** c) Have I had d) Had I had
- If it weren't for his father, he that job.
 a) will get b) won't get c) **wouldn't get** d) would have got
- enough time, I'd have helped you with my homework yesterday.
 a) Have I b) **Had I** c) Have I had d) **Had I had**

Write an essay of about (180) words on the following topic:

How can we be beneficial to our community?

Group (A)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- She was over the moon when she with us in the charity.
 a) affected b) **participated** c) deleted d) urged
- You cannot deny that you were unhappy when you were left despite your mistakes.
 a) of b) in c) up d) **out**

3. Treating everyone justly and equally means
a) intelligence b) fairness c) bitterness d) forgiveness
4.she to come, she would enjoy nice time.
a) Were b) Had c) Should d) Could
5. Take your lunch box with you to the club you are hungry.
a) unless b) without c) in case d) should

Group (B)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. We all didn't expect him to be in the main team. It was surprising!
a) included b) forgiven c) pretended d) recycled
2. By the end each chapter of the novel, we have to do a review on it.
a) of b) on c) in d) for
3. All the candidates should bethe same chance to be able to choose the best.
a) divided b) excluded c) got d) given
4. Would you join that club if you enough time?
a) have b) had c) had had d) were having
5. If he hadn't done his homework on time, he would
a) be punished b) have punished
c) punish d) have been punished

Group (C)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. To is to make someone or something part of a group or total.
a) include b) explode c) fight d) operate
2. He is so and ambitious that he can come first easily.
a) intolerant b) unintelligent c) urgent d) confident
3. Winning this international championship needs to more great efforts.
a) forget b) ignore c) conceal d) make
4. If you enough time, would you like to come to the cinema with us?
a) have b) had c) had had d) were having
5. they finish their task, they won't call you.
a) Were b) Unless c) Could d) Had

تقييمات : الأسبوع الثاني

Unit (1) Caring Communities

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- The new park was built to improve the quality of life for the of the area.
a) criminals b) athletes c) residents d) traders
- are people who help two sides solve a disagreement.
a) Teachers b) Mediators c) Volunteers d) Bakers.
- Noha couldn't the pressure of the final exam and felt very nervous.
a) avoid b) forget c) control d) handle
- He agreed to the responsibility of leading the school project.
a) put off b) take on c) get over d) look for
- Many can happen when people have different opinions and refuse to listen to each other.
a) chances b) solutions c) conflicts d) meetings
- Family are common during holidays and special celebrations.
a) fights b) gatherings c) duties d) arguments
- If the team leader had welcomed the members warmly, the team would have felt valued and included, but he
a) hadn't b) doesn't c) didn't d) had
- If I read in bed, I asleep. It's my habit.
a) should fall b) fall c) will fall d) would fail
- Iron if you leave it in the open air.
a) rust b) will rust c) rusts d) would rust
- If Egypt had a lot of rain, it a lot more trees.
a) would have b) will have c) had had d) may have

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

Students in Egypt face numerous challenges that affect their academic and personal development. One major issue is overcrowded classrooms, particularly in public schools. It is difficult for teachers to give individual attention. Poor infrastructure, such as broken furniture and insufficient facilities, hinder learning experiences. Many students are forced to rely on expensive private tutoring to understand lessons, placing a financial burden and economic challenges on families.

Another concern is the outdated curriculum, which relies heavily on memorization rather than critical thinking and problem-solving skills. Additionally, lack of technology, as many schools lack access to computers and internet services, further hindering students' ability to compete in a modern, digital world.

Students also deal with stress and mental health issues. High competition in exams, like the Thanaweya Amma, adds immense stress, as success often depends on test scores alone. Transportation is another challenge, particularly in rural areas. Long commutes can exhaust students before they even reach school.

To address these problems, reforms are needed in infrastructure, teaching methods and student support systems to ensure a more effective education system for all Egyptian students.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, d:

1. What is the main idea of the passage?
a) Education in rural areas
c) Benefits of private tutoring
b) Difficulties faced by Egyptian students
d) Modern teaching methods
2. The underlined word "hinder" means
a) boast
b) boost
c) prevent
d) reinforce
3. How can students compete in a digital world?
a) By using traditional teaching
c) Through memorization techniques
b) By accessing computers and the internet
d) By relying on private tutoring
4. The word "stress" in the third paragraph refers to
a) Financial burdens
c) Broken furniture and poor infrastructure
b) Internet and computers
d) Competition in exams
5. Families have to bear more financial burdens because of the
a) poor infrastructure
c) broken furniture
b) critical thinking
d) private tutoring
6. According to the passage, the students in the villages suffer from in particular.
a) travelling long distance
c) having overcrowded classrooms
b) depending on private lessons
d) competing in exams
7. The best summary of the second paragraph is
a) We need new curricula and more technology
c) Schools lack technology
b) Teaching depends on memorization
d) Teach students problem-solving skills

Group (A)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Our helped us carry the heavy boxes into the house.
a) strangers b) neighbors c) teachers d) tourists
2. During the lesson, students to answer the questions.
a) take turns b) run quickly c) wait silently d) jump together
3. I would have that mobile if I enough money.
a) had had b) had c) have had d) would have

Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. They had a because no one explained the instructions clearly.
a) confusion b) misunderstanding c) agreement d) friendship e) plan
2. After the match, they argue over the referee's call. "Argue over" here can be replaced by
a) dispute b) quarreled over c) agree on d) reconcile e) cooperate

Group (B)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. Many cultural are held in the city every year to celebrate traditions.
a) disagreements b) events c) tasks d) duties
2. Reading books and listening to experienced people can help you wisdom.
a) lose b) gain c) forget d) waste
3. Adel that phone if it hadn't been so expensive.
a) might buy b) might have bought c) will have bought d) had bought

Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Students should show fairness during group activities. The opposite of fairness is
a) treating people equally b) winning every time
c) injustice d) honesty e) unfairness
2. "Volunteers helped resolve the conflict peacefully." The synonym of resolve is
a) solve b) settle c) create d) ignore e) worsen

Group (C)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. The principal will the students about the new school rules tomorrow.
a) ignore b) address c) forget d) escape
2. During the meeting, each engineer was asked to a solution to the problem.
a) do b) suggest c) deny d) celebrate
3. If you red and green paint, you get brown paint.
a) mixed b) will mix c) had mixed d) mix

Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Inclusive communities help everyone feel valued. The antonym of "valued" is
a) respected b) appreciated c) hated d) worthless e) important
2. "An inclusive society accepts diversity." "Inclusive" here can be replaced by
a) selfish b) included c) unfair d) welcoming e) shy

تقييمات : الأسبوع الثالث

Unit (8) Creating a better community

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- means creating new ideas or solutions.
a) **Innovation** b) Determination c) Interpretation d) Operation
- Life Initiative supports poor families.
a) Determination b) Present c) **Decent** d) Presentation
- Parents should increase their children's of the bad effects of taking drugs.
a) case b) law c) preparation d) **awareness**
- Don't let your work pile day after day. It's better to be always ready for it.
a) into b) onto c) **up** d) down
- His father often supports him when any difficulties in life.
a) **facing** b) ignoring c) disappearing d) believing
- You buy any bread, Hamza. I have bought it.
a) mustn't b) **needn't** c) should d) have to
- Friends help each other in need.
a) needn't b) have c) don't have to d) **should**
- My mother is preparing lunch. You join her.
a) **don't need to** b) shouldn't c) must to d) had to
- It's illegal to park here. You park here.
a) **mustn't** b) needn't c) have to d) should
- She leave her work early as her husband was ill.
a) **had to** b) must c) shouldn't d) needn't

Answer the following questions:

- Why do you think Passepartout joined the acrobats?
- Passepartout joined the acrobats to survive and earn money.
- Why was missing the Carantic a serious problem?
- Because it delayed their journey to Yokohama.
- Why did Phileas Fogg reward John Bunsby generously?
- For helping them reach Shanghai quickly.
- Do you think the storm was both a danger and a hope? Why / Why not?
- Yes, because it could sink the boat, but a hope because surviving it would help them continue.
- Why did Phileas Fogg feel responsible for Aouda?
- She was alone and he promised to protect her.

Group (A)

Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. It's forbidden to drive a car without a driving licence. (must)
- You must not drive a car without a driving licence.
2. Drivers must follow traffic rules. (necessity)
- It is a necessity for drivers to follow traffic rules.
3. It's a good idea to help with the housework. (should)
- You should help with the housework.
4. You shouldn't stay up late. (inadvisable)
- It is inadvisable to stay up late.
5. It's a must for Adham to take the medicine on time. (has to)
- Adham has to take the medicine on time.

Group (B)

Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. They needn't wash their car again. (don't)
- They don't need to wash their car again.
2. It's necessary for me to come on time. (must)
- I must come on time.
3. You mustn't drive without fastening your seatbelt. (forbidden)
- It is forbidden to drive without fastening your seatbelt.
4. You should have a healthy diet. (If)
- If you want to stay healthy, you should have a healthy diet.
5. It's necessary for students not to waste their time. (mustn't)
- Students mustn't waste their time.

Group (C)

Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

1. It's necessary to renew your passport. (have to)
- You have to renew your passport.
2. You mustn't ignore school rules. (forbidden)
- It is forbidden to ignore school rules.
3. Is it necessary for them to come at 5 o'clock? (Do....?)
- Do they have to come at 5 o'clock?
4. You had to attend the meeting yesterday. (necessary)
- It was necessary for you to attend the meeting yesterday.
5. She regretted refusing the new job. (should)
- She should not have refused the new job.

تقييمات : الأسبوع الرابع

Unit (8) Creating a better community

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- Goodalways needs respect and harmony.
a) fight b) communication c) dispute d) challenge
- is the first step to discovery.
a) Habit b) Gathering c) Duty d) Curiosity
- The phrase "No mountain is too high" means
a) people can overcome challenges b) climbing is dangerous
c) teamwork is impossible d) nature is powerful
- The ability to continue despite difficulties is known as
a) enthusiasm b) innovation c) persistence d) teamwork
- Her for learning new things inspired everyone in the class.
a) enthusiasm b) obstacles c) cooperation d) recycling
- A is someone who works to make positive differences in society.
a) Change Maker b) Policy Maker c) Game Changer d) Play Maker
- What should the title of a campaign poster ideally be?
a) Unrelated to the topic b) Long and complicated
c) Clear and powerful d) Funny and lovely
- Practicing different activities helps you improve your
a) violence b) obstacles c) skills d) enthusiasm
- Everyone faceswhen trying to reach their goals. They should overcome them.
a) obstacles b) cooperation c) recycling d) awareness
- Success often requires hard work, patience, and
a) perseverance b) separation c) equality d) obstacles

Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c or d:

١. الماء أصل الحياة لذا يجب أن نحافظ على كل قطرة ماء فلا تفسد البيئة بتلويث مياه النيل.

- Life is the source of water. We should save every drop of it; so don't spoil the environment by polluting the water of the Nile.
- Water is the origin of life. We should keep water and protect the environment by not polluting the water of Nile.
- Water is the source of life. We must keep every drop of it; so we should protect environment by not polluting the water of the Nile.
- Water is the origin of life. We should keep every drop of it; so don't spoil the environment by polluting the water of the Nile.

٢. الاحتباس الحراري هو الزيادة في درجة الحرارة في النظام المناخي للأرض. فهو مظهر رئيسي للتغير المناخي.

- a) Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's climate system. It is a major aspect of climate change.
- b) Global warming is the long-term rise in the average temperature of the Earth's climate system. It is a major aspect of climate change.
- c) Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's climate system. It is a minor aspect of climate change.
- d) Global warming is the long-term rise in the average heat of the Earth's weather system. It is a major aspect of climate change.

Choose the correct English Arabic from a, b, c or d:

1. We should bring up children in good manners to be good citizens So they will be able to achieve progress and development.

- A. يجب علينا ان نربي الاطفال على الاخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتعليم.
- B. ينبغي علينا ان لا نربي الاطفال على الاخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية.
- C. يجب علينا ان نربي الاطفال على الاخلاق الجيدة حتي لا يكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية.
- D. ينبغي علينا ان نربي اطفالنا على الاخلاق الجيدة ليكونوا مواطنين صالحين حتي يكونوا قادرين علي تحقيق التقدم والتنمية.

2. Most people agree that there is no place like home. It is more than just a place to stay in, it is part one's life and personality.

- A. يتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل الوطن. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- B. يتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- C. يتفق معظم الناس أنه يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.
- D. اتفق معظم الناس أنه لا يوجد مكان مثل المنزل. فهو أكثر من كونه مكان للإقامة فيه. فهو جزء من حياة الفرد وشخصيته.

Group (A)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. It's better to work and play to stay focused.
 - a) separate b) cooperate c) join d) make
2. Designing new ideas for a project needs a lot of
 - a) recycling b) violence c) awareness d) creativity
3. Anything that prevents progress is a / an
 - a) teamwork b) enthusiasm c) obstacle d) change-maker
4. I can hear you well. You shout.
 - a) are not permitted b) are prohibited c) aren't allowed d) don't have to
5. Students work together to achieve common goals.
 - a) must b) shouldn't c) can't d) don't have to

Group (B)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- Group projects are easier when there is good among members.
a) eagerness b) enthusiasm c) recognition d) **cooperation**
- thinking helps people solve problems in unique and original ways.
a) **Creative** b) Destructive c) Separate d) Recycling
- means creating new ideas or solutions.
a) Campaign b) **Innovation** c) Note-taking d) Funding
- Students respect others to build a caring community.
a) can't b) shouldn't c) **must** d) don't have to
- Sara work very hard at university to achieve her goals.
a) might b) **must** c) can d) **had to**

Group (C)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- Protecting the environment starts with recycling and raising
a) **awareness** b) creativity c) permission d) skill
- They finished the project faster because of good
a) obstacles b) **teamwork** c) quarrels d) household
- means eagerness and lively interest or enjoyment in doing something.
a) **Enthusiasm** b) Innovation c) Negligence d) Separation
- They test the app carefully before releasing it to users.
a) **must** b) can c) might d) should
- We wait for permission to start a good project - just begin!
a) must b) **don't have to** c) might d) should

تقييمات : الأسبوع الخامس

Unit (9) When Art Speaks

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- Showing care and kindness toward others is called
a) cruelty b) violence c) **compassion** d) admiration
- Her kind made everyone feel welcome and comfortable in the classroom.
a) noise b) **gesture** c) punishment d) delay
- The teacher's story was very and motivated students to think creatively.
a) boring b) confusing c) **inspiring** d) dull
- It is a family to gather together for dinner every Friday.
a) **tradition** b) costume c) argument d) accident
- The city's looked beautiful at sunset with all the tall buildings lit up.
a) forest b) garden c) ocean d) **skyline**
- I enjoy hearing Arabic music, and most of the food here really good!
a) is tasted b) is tasting c) tasting d) **tastes**.
- Most scientists that the world is getting hotter.
a) are thinking b) are thought c) **think** d) thinks
- Nada's little sister very helpful today. That's nice!
a) is b) **is being** c) had been d) will be
- We are having lunch now. The verb "have" here is a / anverb.
a) order b) sense c) **action** d) command
- I a little boy in the room. He is sleeping on the sofa.
a) am seeing b) saw c) **can see** d) had seen

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

My brother and I were invited to spend a few days' holiday with our uncle who had returned from abroad. He had rented a cottage in the country, although he rarely spent much time there. We understood the reason for this after our arrival: the cottage had no good furniture in it, many of the windows were broken and the roof leaked, making the whole house damp. On our first evening, we sat around the fire after supper listening to the stories, which our uncle had to tell of his many adventures in distant countries. I was so tired after the long train journey that I would have preferred to go to bed; but I couldn't bear to miss any of my uncle's exciting tales. He was in the middle of describing a terrifying experience he had once had when his small sailing boat was carried out to sea in a storm and there was a loud crash from the bedroom above, the one where my brother and I were going to sleep. "It sounds as if the roof has fallen in," exclaimed my uncle, with a loud laugh. When we got to the top of the stairs and opened the bedroom door, we could see nothing at first because

of the thick clouds of dust, which filled the room. When the dust began to clear, a strange sight met our eyes. A large part of the ceiling had collapsed, falling right onto the pillow of my bed. I was lucky that I had stayed up late to listen to my uncle's stories. We left for London the next morning and my uncle gave up his cottage in the country. This was not the kind of adventure he cared for either!

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The writer was so tired that he
a) went to bed soon
c) wished to be sleeping
b) left the place soon
d) promised not to come again
2. The writer's uncle was interested in
a) stories
b) adventure
c) drawing
d) sailing
3. The underlined word "He" refers to
a) the writer
c) the writer's brother
b) the writer's uncle
d) the reader
4. The underlined word "collapsed" means was
a) built
b) damaged
c) restored
d) called
5. The writer and his uncle their adventure at the cottage.
a) admired
b) adored
c) hated
d) praised
6. The cottage was owned by
a) the writer's uncle
c) the writer himself
b) the writer's brother
d) someone else
7. The cottage was a/an place to stay in.
a) luxurious
b) uncomfortable
c) splendid
d) invaluable

Group (A)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- | | |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Amal doesn't own this tablet. | (belong) |
| - This tablet doesn't belong to Amal. | |
| 2. He is behaving strangely today. | (being) |
| - He is being strange today. | |
| 3. Fresh food is delicious | (tastes) |
| - Fresh food tastes delicious. | |
| 4. My bag has five books. | (There.....) |
| - There are five books in my bag. | |
| 5. The red bag is Nada's | (owns) |
| - Nada owns the red bag. | |

Group (B)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. My father doesn't like eating pizza. (enjoys)
- My father never enjoys eating pizza.
2. Ola is the owner of the house. (belongs)
- The house belongs to Ola.
3. Ali's car has a nice smell. (smells)
- Ali's car smells nice.
4. Ali likes playing football better than watching it. (prefers)
- Ali prefers playing football to watching it.
5. I think this answer is correct. (seems)
- This answer seems correct to me.

Group (C)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Zeinab thinks the homework is difficult. (seems)
- The homework seems difficult to Zeinab.
2. He is nervous these days. (being)
- He is being nervous these days.
3. The box weighs five kilograms. (weight)
- The weight of the box is five kilograms.
4. There are two rooms in Ali's house. (contains)
- Ali's house contains two rooms.
5. I prefer drinking tea to coffee. (better than)
- I like drinking tea better than coffee.

تقييمات : الأسبوع السادس

Unit (9) When Art Speaks

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- The outline of buildings seen against the sky is caked a/an
a) deadline b) skyline c) operation d) employee
- It was something terrible when the fans the pitch after the match yesterday.
a) invented b) avoided c) neglected d) invaded
- During the wedding, her father tried to hide his
a) emotions b) victims c) diaries d) motions
- Don't be serious all the time. Sometimes, we need some flashes of
a) amazement b) stress c) humor d) sorrow
- That big farm was passed from my grandfather to my father and my uncle.
a) into b) down c) up d) about
- I was thirsty, so my mother gave me a glass cold water.
a) is containing b) contains c) contain d) containing
- The old man 3 kilos of rice now.
a) weigh b) weighs c) is weighing d) weighing
- What of the English novel this year?
a) are you thinking b) you are thinking c) do you think d) were you thinking
- My father has bought a new blanket. It really soft.
a) feels b) feel c) is feeling d) are feeling
- Sameh used to have a small house, but now he a bigger one.
a) had b) is having c) having d) has

Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

- Teachers in primary schools often treat the children with compassion. The synonyms of the word "compassion" are
a) joy b) sorrow c) sympathy d) empathy e) stress
- We cannot see some insects; they are really invisible. The opposites of "invisible" are
a) noticeable b) visible c) clean d) hidden e) puzzling
- Our English teacher asked me to gather all the notebooks. Other words for the word "gather" are
a) assemble b) separate c) collect d) scatter e) refuse
- Many countries have different traditions concerning the beginning of the spring. The antonyms of the word "tradition" are
a) invitation b) possibility c) innovation d) modernity e) competition
- Many parents are inspiring to their students. The word "inspiring" here means
a) confusing b) motivated c) discouraging d) encouraging e) motivating

Group (A)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. A/An means movement of hands or body used to express meaning.
a) interview b) skyline c) passion d) **gesture**
2. We will play football at tomorrow. Would you like to join?
a) up b) down c) **in** d) out
3. The bag of rice in the kitchen 5 kilograms.
a) weigh b) **weighs** c) is weighing d) weighing
4. What about now?
a) **are you thinking** b) you are thinking c) do you think d) you think
5. We should help him as he difficulties with his project now.
a) **is having** b) has c) has had d) was having

Group (B)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Ali used to tales to get away from his father's punishment.
a) **invent** b) invite c) disappoint d) discourage
2. Diseases turn into pandemics when they spread many parts of the world.
a) of b) down c) **in** d) to
3. Many great projects have more attention to Egypt recently.
a) **attracted** b) attacked c) distracted d) compared
4. Sameh lunch with his family now.
a) have b) has c) **is having** d) have had
5. This documentary exciting! You should watch it!
a) is sounding b) **sounds** c) sound d) is sound

Group (C)

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

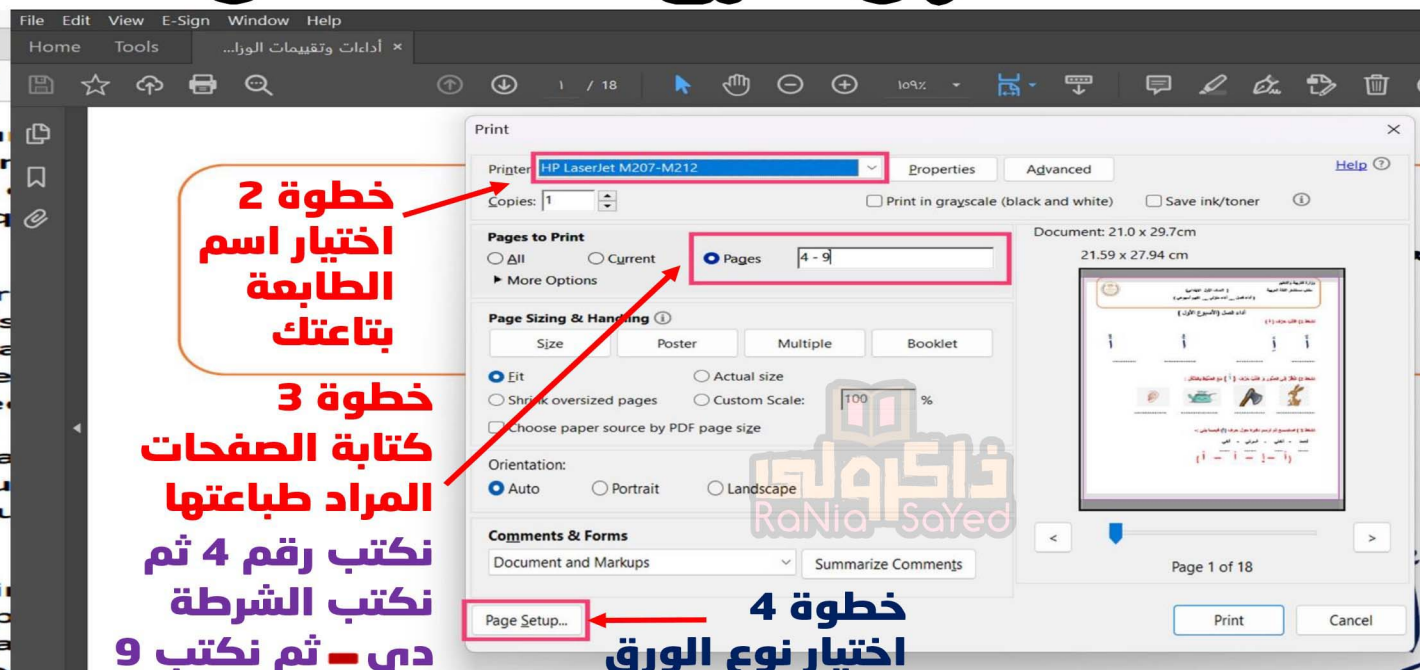
1. means showing care for others.
a) Extension b) **Compassion** c) Division d) Mission
2. It's known in many countries that pigeons peace.
a) fights b) hate c) **symbolize** d) hinder
3. She has a bad headache as she ran revising for five hours.
a) to b) down c) **on** d) off
4. This juice nice. Would you like some?
a) taste b) **tastes** c) is tasting d) is being tasted
5. The flower you gave ten minutes ago very good.
a) **smells** b) is smelling c) was smelling d) isn't smelling

كيفية طباعة صفحات معينة من ملف معين

مثلا ازاي نطبع الصفحات من صفحة 4 الى صفحة 9



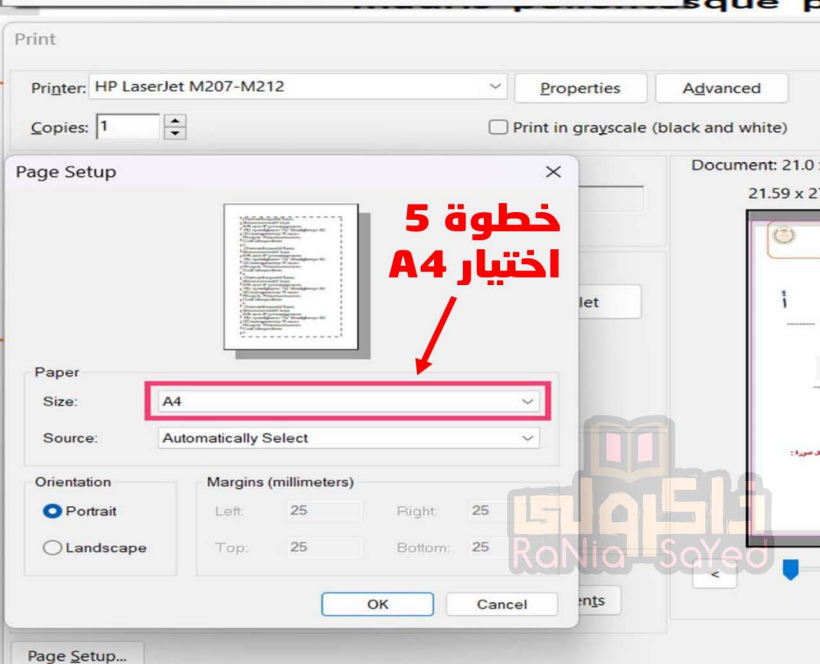
خطوة 1



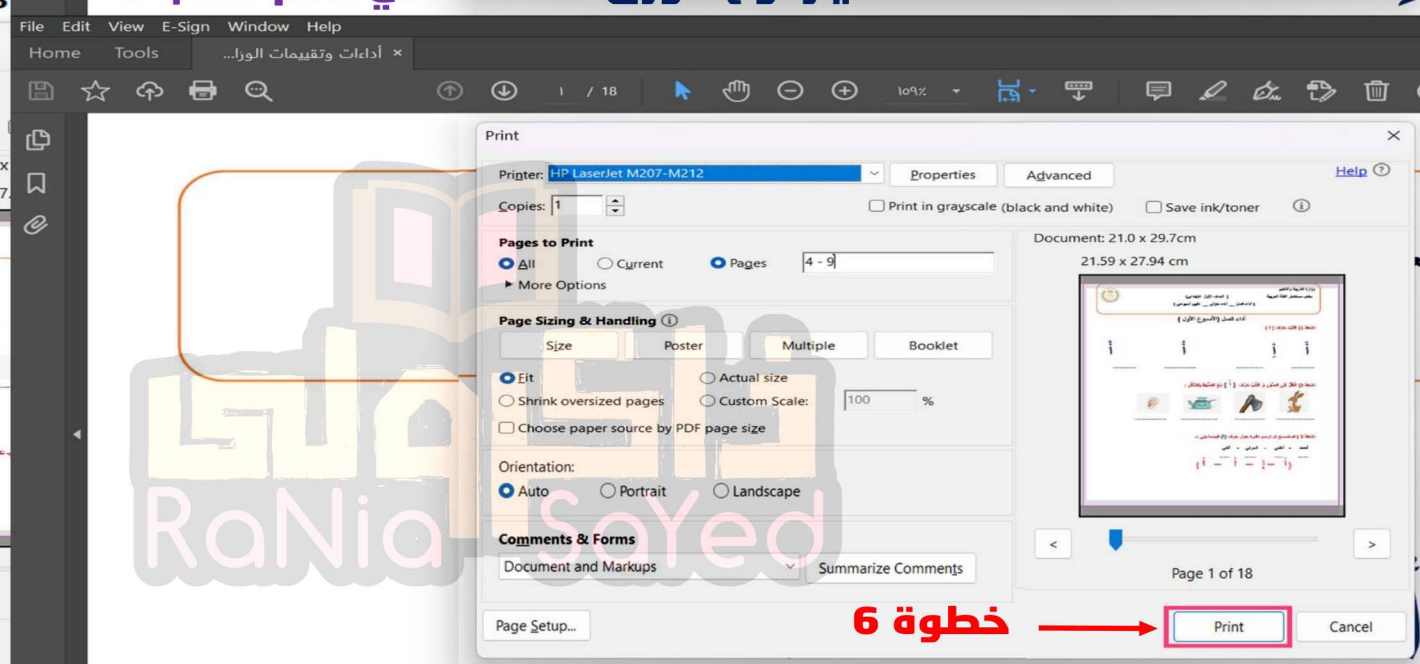
خطوة 2
اختيار اسم
الطابعة
بتاعتك

خطوة 3
كتابة الصفحات
المراد طباعتها
نكتب رقم 4 ثم
نكتب الشرطة
دي - ثم نكتب 9

خطوة 4
اختيار نوع الورق



خطوة 5
اختيار A4



خطوة 6